Department of Persian

Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Language University Lucknow, U.P. (India)

SESSION 2025-26 SYLLABUS FOR M.A. - II SEMESTER-III (JULY TO DECEMBER 2025)

Prof. Sauban Sayeed

Dean & Head KMCLU-Lucknow

dean_arts@kmclu.ac.in

+919411827716

Dr. Arif Abbas

Incharge Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

sincharge_persian@kmclu.ac.in

+916306504220

Dr. Ansari Abdul Rahman

Assistant Professor, Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

gf_abdulrahman@kmclu.ac.in

+919910673095

Dr. Akhlaq Ahmad

Assistant Professor, Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

≥ gf_akhlaqahmad@kmclu.ac.in

+918826521826



M.A. PERSIAN SEMESTER-III

	Paper S. No.	Paper code	Course Title	Credit	New Distribution of marks
CORE	XIII	PERCC201	Translation From Ramayana Text into Persian	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XIV	PERCC202	History of Persian Literature-III (From Mongol invasion to the end of Qajars)	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XV	PERCC203	Persian Literature Produced in India	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XVI	PERCC204	Drama and Marsiya Writing in Persian	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
Survey/ Field work	XVII	PERCC205	Survey/ Survey of literature/Field work	4	75+25=100 Project Report+ Viva
	Total			24	



Master of Arts (M.A.) in Persian

Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Language University Lucknow

Programme Regulations 2025

1. Applicability

The regulations shall apply to the Master in Persian programme from the session 2024-25 and be called M.A. Persian regulation 2024

2. Minimum Eligibility for admission

A three/four-year Bachelor's degree or equivalent in Persian/Urdu/Any other Discipline (with the Knowledge of Urdu) Awarded by a University or Institute established as per law and recognized as equivalent by this University with a minimum marksor equivalent gradeas per university norms.

(Any other additional requirement may also be specified from time to time)

3. Programme Objectives

The Master Degree Program in Persian literature mainly aims to equip the students with translation and interpretation skills with a purpose to train them for discharging duties as language experts in both public and private sectors. Considering that a large number of land records in India are still in Persian language, the Master degree course in Persian has been specifically designed to train a student to decipher classical Persian texts. The general objective of the course is to make the students proficient communicators in Persian. The Department believes in imparting to the learners a training that would enable them to become responsible, perceptive and functional citizens who would contribute to the wellbeing of the society and the nation. Persian language and literature has one of the richest collections of the works produced on humanism and Sufism etc. So, along with academic excellence, present course is thus designed to inculcate a student with the sense of human values for the benefit of the society and the nation. The objective of promoting humanism through Persian literature can only be achieved through an intensive approach to literature. The curriculum focuses on the lingual as well as moral and ethical aspects of Persian literature that would help an individual to cope up with the challenges of the contemporary world.

4. Programme Outcomes

One of the prime objectives of the course is to introduce the learner about the universality of Persian literature in dealing with global issues like degradation of human values and challenges of materialism etc. There is a close relation between literature and language, hence the course primarily stresses on the comprehensive aspect of literature. Therefore, utmost care has been taken in choosing the prescribed text which has both lingual and didactic features. A greater comprehension of language would result in a greater depth in perception and appreciation of literature, culture and human progress. Moreover, the course takes into its gamut the employability factors of the students and hence offers





courses in modern language teachings that would surely help them to serve in the archives, museums, national libraries and many other departments related to revenue, history and culture etc. The program would also train students to work on the Persian manuscripts preserved in hundreds and thousands of precious copies in the libraries across India.

5. Specific Programme Outcomes

The Department of Persian, Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti University, Lucknow has a distinct vision for Masters Degree program offered by it in Persian language and literature. It aims to develop in the learners the ability to understand Persian in a wide range of contexts. This, the Master Degree Program in Persian language and Literature is specifically designed to train and educate individuals for playing multiple roles in both public and private sector. After the completion of M.A. in Persian a student may be capable enough to discharge his responsibilities as a language expert/linguist/interpreter in various ministries of the government of India viz. the Ministry of External Affairs, the Ministry of Culture, the Ministry of Defense etc. Moreover, a person completing this course can work in various archives, museums, oriental libraries, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting in his capacity as a language expert or as an epigraphist etc. The course is also directed to train an individual for jobs in private sectors. While modern language and literature course is designed to help an individual in his pursuit of a job in private sectors, the didactic aspect of the classical literature would take care of the moral and ethical side of an individual in the discharge of his responsibilities in a transparent way. Overall, the course intends to hone the employability skill of an individual in various spheres.



M.A. IInd Year Paper-Core Credit- 5 Semester-III Course Code: PERCC201

تاریخ شری رامایانا

Course Title-SIMULTANEOUS TRANSLATION of Ramayana (Historicity of shri Ramayana)

पाठ्यक्रमकानाम-रामायणकीऐतिहासिकता

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the history, tradition, versions and global presence of the Hindu epic Ramayana as well as the historicity of the events of Ramayana.
- To acquaint the students with the historicity of Ravana from Lankan perspective.
- To acquaint the students with the global footprints of Ramayana and Shri Rama's lineage.
- To highlight the significance of the historicity of Ayodhya as one of the oldest living cities of the world and lineage of people from Ayodhya down the times after Shri Rama and Ramayana.
- To place the historicity of Ramayana in the timeline of world history.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to,

- Explain how, Ramayana, besides being hailed in present times as a literary epic, is also the historical account of events that happened in the course of the growth and development of Indian Civilization.
- Describe the actual, indigenous historical timeline of the Indian Civilization and the place of Shri Rama on it vis-à-vis what has been portrayed from colonial times.
- Connect Indian Astronomy, the technique called Archaeo- Astronomy and software tools used today such as Planetarium Software to date events of Ramayana.
- Showcase the far-flung influence of the glory of this civilization as well as one of its greatest heroes, Shri Rama.
- To discuss the concept of Avatara and the tradition and history of temple worship from the times of Ramayana.

Unit 1- Ramayana as a work of History and its Dating

- What is a Historical work in Hindu thought?
- o Difference between historiography of the Hindus v/s the Western world.
- o What makes Ramayana a work of history?
- o Where does the lineage of Shri Rama start?
- o Dating of Shri Rama and the events of Ramayana.

Unit 2-Historicity of Ramayana through the Lens of Geography, Lanka and Archaeology

- o How does local Geography corroborate with the history of the Ramayana events?
- o How is Geography inherent in the Ramayana text itself?
- o Archaeological evidences for the historicity of Ramayana



o Is Shri Rama Setu real? Where is it? How old is it? When and how was it built? Who built it?

Unit 3- Historicity of Ayodhya

- o Where is Ayodhya? What is the significance of Ayodhya?
- o What is the history of Ayodhya? How far back in time can we trace Ayodhya city?
- Are there people of Shri Rama's lineage and descent from Ayodhya still living? Where are they?
- O What is the present status of Ayodhya?

Unit 4- Shri Rama's Historicity & Divinity

- o If Shri Rama is a Divinity, how is Shri Rama historical?
- o If Shri Rama is historical, then how did Shri Rama talk to monkeys? Could Shri Hanuman fly?
- o Why is Shri Rama a Maryada Purushottam? What are the 16 qualities of Shri Rama?
- How can we relate Shri Rama to our civilizational history if Ramayana took place millions of years ago?

Unit 5-Introduction of various translations of Ramayan into Persian Prose and Poetry

Translation of important texts of Shri Ramayana into Persian

BOOKS:

- 1. Historical Shri Rama by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 2. Shri Ramayana in Lanka by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 3. Ayodhya-War & Peace by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 4. Breaking The Myths-Voll-About Identity by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan.
- 5. Shri Ramayana of Valmiki (Eng. Tr.) H.P. Shastri, London, 1952-59. (3 Vols)
- 6.श्रीमद्वाल्मीकिराकाश्री रामयण हिन्दी अनुवाद सहित, (सं.) जानकी नाथ शर्मा, (1-2 भाग) गीता प्रेस, गोरखप्र।

7. رامایانا (نسخه منظوم) سروده گردهر داس به اهنمام پروفسور عبد الودود اظهر دهلوی،دکتر سید عبد الحمید ضیایی، چاپ مرکز تحقیقات فارسی، دهلی نو 2009

8. رامایانا (نسخه منظوم) باز سروده ملا مسیح پانی پتی به اهتمام دکتر سید عبد الحمید ضیایی، پروفسور سید محمد یونس جعفری،
 چاپ مرکز تحقیقات فارسی، دهلی نو 2009



M.A. (Persian)

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पाठ्यक्रमकानाम-रामायणकीऐतिहासिकता

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

اهداف موضوع:

- أشنایی دانش آموزان با تاریخ، سنت، نسخه ها و حضور جهانی حماسه هندو رامایانا و همچنین تاریخی بودن وقایع رامایانا.
 - آشنایی دانش آموزان با تاریخی بودن راوانا از منظر لانکا.
 - آشنایی دانش آموزان با ردپای جهانی شری رامایانا و تبار شری راما.
 - برجسته کردن اهمیت تاریخی آیودیا به عنوان یکی از قدیمی ترین شهرهای زنده جهان و تبار مردم
 - آیودیا تا زمان های پس از شری راما و رامایانا.
 - قرار دادن تاریخی بودن رامایانا در جدول زمانی تاریخ جهان.

دست آورد موضوع:

در پایان این دوره، دانشجویان قادر خواهند بود تا:

- توضیح دهند که چگونه رامایانا، علاوه بر اینکه در زمان حاضر به عنوان یک حماسه ادبی مورد ستایش قرار می گیرد، روایت تاریخی رویدادهایی است که در مسیر رشد و توسعه تمدن هند رخ داده است.
- جدول زمانی واقعی و بومی تاریخی تمدن هند و جایگاه شری راما در آن را در مقایسه با آنچه از دوران استعمار به تصویر کشیده شده است، توصیف کنند.
- نجوم هندی، تکنیکی به نام باستان شناسی نجوم و ابزار های نرم افزاری که امروزه مانند نرم افزار سیاره نما برای تاریخ رویدادهای رامایانا استفاده می شود را به هم متصل کنند.
 - تأثیر گسترده شکوه این تمدن و همچنین یکی از بزرگترین قهرمانان آن، شری راما را به نمایش بگذارید.
 - بحث درباره مفهوم آواتارا و سنت و تاریخ پرستش معبد از زمان رامایانا.
 - واحد ١: رامایانا به عنوان اثری تاریخی و قدمت آن
- اثر تاریخی در اندیشه هندو چیست؟
- تفاوت تاریخ نگاری هندوها در مقابل جهان غرب.
- چه چیزی رامایانا را به یک اثر تاریخی تبدیل می کند؟
 - اصل و نسب شرى راما از كجا شروع مي شود؟
- توانایی ذاتی در متن رامایانا برای تاریخ گذاری وقایع رامایانا.

واحد ۲: تاریخی رامایاتا از طریق دریچه جغرافیا، لانکا و باستان شناسی

- ا چگونه جغرافیای محلی تاریخ وقایع رامایانا را تأیید می کند؟
 - جغرافیا چگونه ذاتی خود متن رامآیانا است؟
 - شواهد باستان شناسی برای تاریخی بودن رامایانا
- آیا شری راما ستو واقعی است؟ کجاست؟ چند ساله است؟ چه زمانی و چگونه ساخته شد؟ که آن را ساخته است؟
 واحد۳: تاریخ آبودیا
 - آبو دیا کجاست؟ اهمیت آبو دیا چیست؟
 - تاریخچه آیودیا چیست؟ چقدر در زمان می توانیم شهر آیودیا را ردیابی کنیم؟
 - آیا هنوز افرادی از تبار و نسب شری راما از آیودیا زندگی می کنند؟ آنها کجا هستند؟
 - وضعیت فعلی آیودیا چگونه است؟

واحد ۴: تاریخ و الوهیت شری راما

- اگرشری راما یک الوهیت است، شری راما چگونه تاریخی است؟
- اگرشری راما تاریخی است، پس شری راما چگونه با میمون ها صحبت می کرد؟ آیا شریهانومان می تواند پرواز کند؟
 - چرا شری راما یک مریادا پوروشوتما است؟ ۱۶ ویژگی شری راما چیست؟
 - اگر رامایانا میلیون ها سال پیش رخ داده است، چگونه می توانیم شری راما را با تاریخ تمدن خود مرتبط کنیم؟
 واحد ۵: معرفی انواع ترجمه های رامایان به نثر و شعر فارسی
 - ترجمه از متن های مهم رامایانا به فارسی



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पाठ्यक्रम के उद्देश्य:

- छात्रों को हिंदू महाकाव्य रामायण के इतिहास, परंपरा, संस्करणों और वैश्विक उपस्थिति के साथ-साथ रामायण की घटनाओं की ऐतिहासिकता से परिचित कराना।
- विदयार्थियों को लंकाई दृष्टिकोण से रावण की ऐतिहासिकता से परिचित कराना।
- छात्रों को रामायण और श्री राम की वंशावली के वैश्विक पदचिहनों से परिचित कराना।
- दुनिया के सबसे पुराने जीवित शहरों में से एक के रूप में अयोध्या की ऐतिहासिकता और श्री राम और रामायण के बाद के समय में अयोध्या के लोगों की वंशावली के महत्व को उजागर करना।
- रामायण की ऐतिहासिकता को विश्व इतिहास की समयरेखा में स्थान देना।

पाठ्यक्रम परिणामः

इस पाठ्यक्रम के अंत में, छात्र सक्षम होंगे,

- बताएं कि कैसे, रामायण, वर्तमान समय में एक साहित्यिक महाकाव्य के रूप में प्रतिष्ठित होने के अलावा, भारतीय सभ्यता के विकास और विकास के दौरान हुई घटनाओं का ऐतिहासिक विवरण भी है।
- भारतीय सभ्यता की वास्तविक, स्वदेशी ऐतिहासिक समयरेखा और उस पर श्री राम के स्थान का वर्णन करें, जो कि औपनिवेशिक काल से चित्रित किया गया है।
- भारतीय खगोल विज्ञान, आर्कियो-खगोल विज्ञान नामक तकनीक और रामायण की घटनाओं की तारीख बताने के लिए आज उपयोग किए जाने वाले प्लैनेटेरियम सॉफ्टवेयर जैसे सॉफ्टवेयर टूल को कनेक्ट करें।
- इस सभ्यता की महिमा के साथ-साथ इसके सबसे महान नायक, श्री रामके दूरगामी प्रभाव को प्रदर्शित करें।
- अवतार की अवधारणा और रामायण के समय से मंदिर पूजा की परंपरा और इतिहास पर चर्चा करना।



यूनिट1-इतिहास की कृति के रूप में रामायण और उसका कालनिर्धारण

- हिंदू विचारधारा में ऐतिहासिक कार्य क्या है?
- हिंद्ओं और पश्चिमी द्निया के इतिहासलेखन के बीच अंतर.
- क्या चीज़ रामायण को इतिहास की कृति बनाती है?
- ० श्री राम की वंशावली कहाँ से शुरू होती है?
- श्री राम का काल निर्धारण और रामायण की घटनाएँ।

यूनिट2-भूगोल, लंका और पुरातत्व की दृष्टि से रामायण की ऐतिहासिकता

- स्थानीय भ्गोल रामायण की घटनाओं के इतिहास से किस प्रकार मेल खाता है?
- रामायण पाठ में भूगोल कैसे अंतर्निहित है?
- रामायण की ऐतिहासिकता के पुरातात्विक साक्ष्य
- क्या श्री राम सेतु असली है? कहाँ है? यह कितनी पुरानी है? इसका निर्माण कब और कैसे हुआ?
 इसे किसने बनाया?

यूनिट 3- अयोध्या की ऐतिहासिकता

- अयोध्या कहाँ है? क्या है अयोध्या का महत्व?
- o क्या है अयोध्या का इतिहास? हम अयोध्या नगरी का कितना पीछे पता लगा सकते हैं?
- o क्या श्री राम के वंश और अयोध्या के वंशज के लोग अभी भी जीवित हैं? वे कहां हैं?
- अयोध्या की वर्तमान स्थिति क्या है?

यूनिट 4-श्री राम की ऐतिहासिकता और दिव्यता

- यदि श्री राम देवत्व हैं, तो श्री राम ऐतिहासिक कैसे हैं?
- यदि श्री राम ऐतिहासिक हैं तो फिर श्री राम ने बंदरों से कैसे बात की? क्या श्रीहनुमान उड़ सकते
 थे?
- श्री राम मर्यादा पुरूषोत्तम क्यों हैं? श्री राम के 16 गुण क्या हैं?
- यदि रामायण लाखों वर्ष पहले घटित हुई तो हम श्री राम को अपनी सभ्यता के इतिहास से कैसे जोड़ सकते हैं?

यूनिट 5-फारसी गद्य और काव्य में रामायण के विभिन्न अनुवादों का परिचय रामायणकेकुछमहत्वपूर्णपाठोंकाफ़ारसीमेंअनुवाद





BOOKS:

- 1. Historical Shri Rama by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 2. Shri Ramayana in Lanka by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 3. Ayodhya-War & Peace by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan
- 4. Breaking The Myths-Voll-About Identity by D.K. Hari & D.K. Hema Hari, Bharath Gyan.
- 5. Shri Ramayana of Valmiki (Eng. Tr.) H.P. Shastri, London, 1952-59. (3 Vols)
- 6.श्रीमद्वाल्मीकिराकाश्री रामयण हिन्दी अनुवाद सहित, (सं.) जानकी नाथ शर्मा, (1-2 भाग) गीता प्रेस, गोरखप्र।

7. رامایانا (نسخه منظوم) سروده گردهر داس به اهتمام پروفسور عبد الودود اظهر دهلوی،دکتر سید عبد الحمید ضیایی، چاپ مرکز تحقیقات فارسی، دهلی نو 2009

8. رامایانا (نسخه منظوم) باز سروده ملا مسیح پانی پتی به اهتمام دکتر سید عبد الحمید ضیایی، پروفسور سید محمد یونس جعفری،
 چاپ مرکز تحقیقات فارسی، دهلی نو 2009



M.A. IInd Year Paper: Core Credit- 5 Semester-III Course Code: PERCC202

Course Title: History Persian Literature تاریخچه ادبیات فارسی

(From the Mongol Invasion to the End of the Qajar Period)

(از حملہ مغول تا پایان عہد قاجار)

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Outcome:

Upon completion of this course the student shall have a fair knowledge of:

- the political history of the specified period
- the development of Persian language and literature in the specified period
- the Timurid rulers of India and Iran
- the development of Persian language and literature in the specified period
- important historical and ethical works of Persian literature
- important lexicons and Tazkirahs of Persian literature
- the development of Marsiya writing in Iran
- the development of Indian style of Persian writing known as Sabk-e-Hindi

Unit-I

• The Mongol invasion and its effect on the political, cultural and literary conditions of Iran.

استیلای مغول و تأثیرآن بر اوضاع سیاسی، فرهنگی و ادبیات ایران.

مطالعه در باره تاريخ نويسي دوره ايلخانيان History written during the IIkhan period •

Unit-II

• Ethical literature produced in Iran during the 13th and 15th century A.D. ادبیات اخلاقی ایران از قرن سیزدېم میلادی تا قرن پاتزدېم میلادی

i. Gulistan گلستان ii. Akhlaq-i-Nasiri گلستان Akhlaq-i-Jalali اخلاقی جلالی iv. Akhlaq-i-Mohsini اخلاق محسنیiii. Akhlaq-i-Mohsini روضةالصفة

Unit-III

Unit-IV

• General survey of the prose writings of the later Timuri period.

مطالعم عمومى آثار منثور دوره تيموريان بويژه

قاسم انور Qasim Anwer نعمت الله والىQasim Anwer قاسم انور

- Prose writers of Herat School: معرفی از ویژگیهای تصانیف سبک برات و آثار منثور آن
 سبک سبک
- (i) HafizeAbru مير خواند (ii) Mir Khawand مير خواند مير (iii) Khawand Mir مير خواند مير A Study of Persian Poetry with reference to some important poets of Herat School.

مطالعه شعر فارسی این دوره با اشاره خصوصی به برخی از شاعران مهم سبک هرات.





Unit-V

- Assessment of Persian literature produced during the Safavi period. ارزیابی ادبیات فارسی در عصر صفوی
- A brief study of the poets and writers of the Qajar period.

بررسی مختصری از شاعران و نویسندگان عصر قاجار

Recommended Books:

- Tarikh-e- Adabiyat-Dar-Iran by Zabihullah Safa تاريخ ادبيات در اير ان تصنيف ذبيح الله صفا
- Tarikh-e-Adabiyat-e-Iran by Reza Zadeh Shafaque تاریخ ادبیات ایران تصنیف رضا زاده شفق
- Farsi Nasr ki Tareekh translated by Prof. Sharif Hussain Qasmi فارسی نثرکی تاریخ مترجم پروفسورشریف حسین قاسمی
- فارسی نترکی تاریخ مترجم پروفسور شریف حسین قاسمی
 Iran SadiyonkeAAyine Mein by Amrit Lal Ishrat

 ایر ان صدیوں کے آئینھمیں تصنیفامر تلطعشرت
- Adab Nama-e-Iran by Maqbool Beg Badakhshani ادبنامهٔ ایر ان تصنیف مقبولبیگبدخشانی
- Tarjuma-e-Tareekh-e-Brown by Syed Sajjad Hussain ترجمهٔ تاریخبر اون از سیدسجادحسین
- Az Saba Ta Neema by Yehya Aryanpur
 از صباتانيما تصنيف يحيى آرينپور
- SabkShanasi: MalikusshoraBahar Mohammed Taqi, Tehran سبك شناسي تصنيف ملك الشعر اءمحمد تقى بهار ،تهران.
- Sher ulAjam , Shibli Nomani Matbaa Maarif , Azamgarh, 1988. شبلي نعماني مطبع معارف ،اعظمگره
- A literary History of Persia by E.G Browne.





M.A. (Persian)

M.A. IInd Year Paper-Core **Credit-5**

Semester-III **Course Code: PERCC203**

Course Title: Persian Literature Produced in India

ادبیات فارسی در هند

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the student shall have a fair knowledge of:

- The literary history during Mughal Period
- the development of Persian language and literature in the specified period
- eminent poets and writers of the period
- the development of ethical, moral and mystical writings in Persian literature
- history and Tazkirah writing during Mughal empire in india
- The art of poetry, secretary ship, medicine and administration through Persian sources

Unit-I

An introduction to the Persian literature in India during Mughals through the ages مطالعہ عمومی دربارہ ادبیات فارسی در عصر مغولان

Contribution of Mughal royal families to Persian language and literature

Persian literature under Babar and Humayun's regime

Unit II

An introduction to the age of Akbar

An account of the life & literary attainments of the following literary figures of Akbar's period:-

مطالعم مختصری در باره احوال و آثار ادبای برجستم عصر اکبر

- Abul Fazl Faizi
- Abul Fazl Allami
 Naziri Nishapuri
- Urfi Shirazi

- Ghazali Mashhadi Mulla Zahuri

Unit III

Persian literature under Jahangeer and Shahjahan's age

An account of the life & literary attainments of the following literary figures of Jahangeer and Shahjahan's period:-

مطالعه مختصری در باره احوال و آثار ادبای برجسته عصر جهانگیر و شاهجهان

- Talib Amuli
- Oudsi Mashhadi
- Abu Talib Kaleem
- Saib Isfahani
- Ghani Kashmiri

- Dara Shikoh
- Jahan Ara

Unit IV

Persian literature under Aurangzeb's age.

An account of the life & literary attainments of the following literary figures of Aurangzeb's period:-

مطالعه مختصری در باره احوال و آثار ادبای برجسته عصر اورنگزیب

- Nemat Khan-i Aali
- Aaqil Khan Razi
- Nasir Ali Sarhindi

- ZaibunnisaMakhfi
- Mirza Abdul Qadir Bedil
- Ghalib Dehlavi



Unit V:

Non Muslim literary figures and their works

Reference Books:

- Hindustan meinahd-e Mughalya ka Farsi Adab by Dr, Mohd. Iqbal, 2007, New Delhi
- Deams Forgotten, An Anthology of Indo-Persian Poetry by Waris Kirmani, 1986,
 Aligarh, U.P.
- Ahd-e Babar wa Humayun kenaamwaradbawashoara by Dr. Rana Khursheed, 2011, Aligarh, U.P
- Foundation of Mughal Rule in India Ed. by Raj Kumar, 2000, New Delhi
- Ahd-e Aurangzeb ki Farsi Shayri ka tanqeedijaaiza by Dr. Zarrina Khan, 2012, Aligarh
- Aqil Khan-e Razi-Ahwal-o Asaar by Dr. Shaista Akhtar Javed, 1999, Mumbai
- Jahan Ara Begum by Nausheen Jaffery, 2011, New Delhi
- Great Poets of Classical Persian by R. M. Chopra, 2014. Kolkata, West Bengal
- A Study Of Persian Ghazal & Rubai under the Great Mughals by Dr. Qamaruddin, 2009, Delhi
- Chahar Chaman by Chandrabhan Brahman, Into & Ed. By Seyed Mohammad Yunus Jafery, 2007, New Delhi
- Mjmaul Bahrain by Prince Muhammad Dara Shikoh, Ed. By Mahfuz-ul-Haq, 2007, Kolkata
- Aurangzeb Alamgeer par ek nazar by Allama Shibli nomani, 2009, Azamgarh,
- Akbar and the rise of the Mughal Empire by G B Malleson, 2008, Delhi
- The Coming of the Mughals Ed. by Raj Kumar, 2000, New Delhi
- India under Aurangzeb Ed. by Raj Kumar, 2000, New Delhi
- Humayun Nama, The History of Humayun by Gulbadan Begum Tr. by Annette S. Beveridge, 2004, New Delhi





M.A. IInd Year Paper-Core Credit- 5 Semester-III Course Code: PERCC204

Course Title: Drama and Marsiya Writings Persian نمایش نامه نویسی و مرثیه سرایی در ایران

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the student shall have a fair knowledge of:

- Difference between Classical and Modern Persian literature
- Reasons for origin and development of Modern Persian literature
- Constitutional movement in Iran and its impact on literature
- Prominent authors and literary pieces of Modern Persian prose
- Literary developments in Iranian literature
- Representative writers of Persian Drama and Marsiya
- Modern literary Trends in Persian Prose
- Socio-political significance of Modern Persian literature

Unit-I

Socio Political and Historical Background of Development of Modern Persian Prose پیشینه سیاسی اجتماعی و تاریخی در توسعه نثر فارسی مدرن

The Art of Persian Drama and drama writing

هنر نمایش ایرانی و نمایشنامه نویسی

The difference between Persian and Urdu Dramas

تفاوت میان نمایش نامه های فارسی و اردو

Drama based on tragedy and comedy

نمایشنامه مبتنی بر تراژدی و کمدی

The difference between a Drama based on tragedy and comedy

تفاوت نمایشنامه مبتنی بر تراژدی و کمدی

Unit-II

Some Drama writers of Iran

برخی از نمایشنامه نویسان ایران

(a) Syed Ali Nasr

(الف) سيد على نصر

Drama: Rustam waSohraab, Nadershah, Yateem.

نمایشنانه: رستم و سهراب، نادرشاه، یتیم

(b) Abul Qasim Jannati

(ب) ابو القاسم جنتي

Drama: Atabak e Aazam, Yusuf wa Zulaikha, bachcheyeShaitaan

نمایشنامه: اتابک اغظم، یوسف و زلیخا، بچه شیطان

Unit-III:

Marsiya Writing in Iran: A Historical Review

تاریخچه مرثیه نویسی در ایران

Socio Political and Historical Background of Development of Marsiya in Iran and

India

پیشینه سیاسی، اجتماعی و تاریخی در توسعه مرثیه نویسی در ایران و هند

Marsiyawriting in the Seljuqi, Timurid period





وضع مرثیه نویسی در عهد سلجوقی ، تیموری اسtroducing some of the famous Marsiya writers of that period معرفی چند تن از مرثیه نویسان معروف آن دوره AzariAsfraini, Saleemi........

آذری اسفر آینی، سلیمی،....

Unit-IV:

Safavid period دوره صفوی
Shah Tahmasap and religious poetry
شاه طهماسپ و شعر مذهبی
A look at the Marsiyawriters of the Safavid period
نگاهی به مرثیه سرایان دوره صفوی
The famous Marsiyawriter of the Safavid period, Mohtsham Kashi
مرثیه سرای بلند آوازه دوره صفوی محتشم کاشی
Description of a part of Mohatsham's Marsiya
شرح بخشی از مرثیه های محتشم

Unit-V:

Recitation practice تمرین مرثیه خوانی Reading of some Important Marsiya Provided by the department خواندن برخی از مرثیه مهم ارائه شده توسط بخش

References:

- Adabiyat e Numaeshi e Iran ,Jamshed Malikpor,Toos Publishers
- Naya Irani Adab by Zuhuruddin Ahmad
- نیا ایر انی ادب، ظهور الدین احمد
- Prose and poetry by E.G. Brown.
- Modern Persian prose by Hasan Kamshad
- Az Saba ta Neema, vol. I & II, by Yehya Aryanpur.
- •از صبا تا نیمه، جلد ۱ و ۲ توسط یحیی آرین یور
- Farsi Afsana Nigari aur Muntakhab Afsaneh by Dr. Abdul Halim
- فارسى افسانه نگارى اور منتخب افسانه: از دكتر عبدالحليم •
- TajaddudKhahiwaTajaddudGerayan-e-Iran by Prof. Abdul Halim, Malik BookDepot, 3212, Turkaman Gate, Delhi-6
- تجدد خواهی و تجدد گرایان ایران: توسط پروفسور عبدالحلیم،ملک بک دلیو، ۲۱۲، ترکمان گیٹ، دهلی
 - Bar Rasi-e-Adabiat-e-Imroz-e-Iran by Mohammad Istelami
 - Tareekh e Marsiya by Syed Masood Hasan Rizvi Adeeb, Noor Publication.





Industrial Training/Survey/Field Work/Research Project

M.A. IInd Year Semester-III
Paper: CoreCourse Code: PERCC205

Credit- 4

Course Title: Industrial Training/Survey/Field Work/Research Project عنوان دوره: آموزش صنعتی/بررسی/کار میدانی/پروژه تحقیقاتی

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for Project work report and 25 for Viva-Voce) This Course is part of Industrial Training/Survey/Field Work/Research Projectas prescribed by the **NEP 2020** framework for Masters Degree Programme.

Under this course students shall be asked to participate and carry out Industrial Training/Survey/Field Work/Research Project.

Viva-Voce Exam shall also be conducted as part of the evaluation process ant it will comprise of 25 Marks. At least one External Expert shall be called to conduct the Viva-Voce Exam.

Department of Persian

Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Language University Lucknow, U.P. (India)

SESSION 2025-26 SYLLABUS FOR M.A. - II SEMESTER-IV (JANUARY TO MAY 2026)

Prof. Sauban Sayeed

Dean & Head KMCLU-Lucknow

dean_arts@kmclu.ac.in \(+919411827716

Dr. Arif Abbas

Incharge Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

sincharge_persian@kmclu.ac.in +916306504220

Dr. Ansari Abdul Rahman

Assistant Professor, Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

gf abdulrahman@kmclu.ac.in \&\rm +919910673095

Dr. Akhlaq Ahmad

Assistant Professor, Department of Persian KMCLU-Lucknow

gf akhlaqahmad@kmclu.ac.in & +918826521826



M.A. PERSIAN SEMESTER-IV

	Paper S. No.	Paper code	Course Title	Credit	New Distribution of marks
CORE	XVIII	PERCC 206	Indo Persian Historical Text	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XIX	PERCC 207	Research Methodology & Persian Linguistic	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XX	PERCC 208	Sufi Literature	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
CORE	XXI	PERCC 209	Special Study of Amir Khusrau	5	25+75=100 Internal +End Sem
Project	XXII	PERCC 210	Project Based Course Dissertation &Viav-voce	4	75+25=100 Dissertatio n +Viva
	To	otal		24	



Master of Arts (M.A.) in Persian

Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Language University Lucknow

Programme Regulations 2025

1. Applicability

The regulations shall apply to the Master in Persian programme from the session 2024-25 and be called **M.A. Persian regulation 2024**

2. Minimum Eligibility for admission

A three/four-year Bachelor's degree or equivalent in Persian/Urdu/Any other Discipline (with the Knowledge of Urdu) Awarded by a University or Institute established as per law and recognized as equivalent by this University with a minimum marksor equivalent gradeas per university norms.

(Any other additional requirement may also be specified from time to time)

3. Programme Objectives

The Master Degree Program in Persian literature mainly aims to equip the students with translation and interpretation skills with a purpose to train them for discharging duties as language experts in both public and private sectors. Considering that a large number of land records in India are still in Persian language, the Master degree course in Persian has been specifically designed to train a student to decipher classical Persian texts. The general objective of the course is to make the students proficient communicators in Persian. The Department believes in imparting to the learners a training that would enable them to become responsible, perceptive and functional citizens who would contribute to the wellbeing of the society and the nation. Persian language and literature has one of the richest collections of the works produced on humanism and Sufism etc. So, along with academic excellence, present course is thus designed to inculcate a student with the sense of human values for the benefit of the society and the nation. The objective of promoting humanism through Persian literature can only be achieved through an intensive approach to literature. The curriculum focuses on the lingual as well as moral and ethical aspects of Persian literature that would help an individual to cope up with the challenges of the contemporary world.

4. Programme Outcomes

One of the prime objectives of the course is to introduce the learner about the universality of Persian literature in dealing with global issues like degradation of human values and challenges of materialism etc. There is a close relation between literature and language, hence the course primarily stresses on the comprehensive aspect of literature. Therefore, utmost care has been taken in choosing the prescribed text which has both lingual and didactic features. A greater comprehension of language would result in a greater depth in perception and appreciation of literature, culture and human progress. Moreover, the course takes into its gamut the employability factors of the students and hence offers





courses in modern language teachings that would surely help them to serve in the archives, museums, national libraries and many other departments related to revenue, history and culture etc. The program would also train students to work on the Persian manuscripts preserved in hundreds and thousands of precious copies in the libraries across India.

5. Specific Programme Outcomes

The Department of Persian, Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti University, Lucknow has a distinct vision for Masters Degree program offered by it in Persian language and literature. It aims to develop in the learners the ability to understand Persian in a wide range of contexts. This, the Master Degree Program in Persian language and Literature is specifically designed to train and educate individuals for playing multiple roles in both public and private sector. After the completion of M.A. in Persian a student may be capable enough to discharge his responsibilities as a language expert/linguist/interpreter in various ministries of the government of India viz. the Ministry of External Affairs, the Ministry of Culture, the Ministry of Defense etc. Moreover, a person completing this course can work in various archives, museums, oriental libraries, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting in his capacity as a language expert or as an epigraphist etc. The course is also directed to train an individual for jobs in private sectors. While modern language and literature course is designed to help an individual in his pursuit of a job in private sectors, the didactic aspect of the classical literature would take care of the moral and ethical side of an individual in the discharge of his responsibilities in a transparent way. Overall, the course intends to hone the employability skill of an individual in various spheres.



M.A. IInd Year Paper-Core Credit-5 Semester-IV Course Code: PERCC206

Course Title: Indo Persian Historical Texts

متون تاریخی هند به زبان فارسی

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of this course the student shall be able to

- Comprehend Persian historiography in India
- Understand Special features of the Persian historical texts produced in India
- Recognize Persian sources of Indian history, culture and Polity
- Get an idea of Art of administration of the Medieval Indian rulers
- Identify sources of Regional Indian History during Medieval India

Unit-I

History writing during Memluks Tajul Ma'sir, Chach Nama, QiranusSadein, History writing during Khaljis with special reference to Amir Khusrau Text Comprehension

طبقات ناصرى تصنيف منهاج سراج في ذكر سلاطين الشمسيه في الهند

Tabaqat-e- Nasiri by Minhaj e Siraj Fi zikrassalateenashshamsiyah fil Hind

Unit-II

Persian history writing during Tughlags

Tareekh-e-Feeroz Shahi by Ziyauddin Barniتاريخ فيروزشاهي تصنيف ضياءالدين برنى Tareekh-e-Feeroz Shahi by Ziyauddin Barni ذكر بازگشتن سلطان محمد از ديوگير Wasaya e Sultan Ghayasuddin Balban وصاياى سلطان غياث الدين بلبن

Unit-III

History writing in South India (Deccan) Behmani Kingdom Persian History writing in Awadh

Unit-IV

Persian historiography during Mughals

Tuzk-e-Babari (selected portion from Nagshhae Ranga rang)

تزک بابری (بخش انتخاب شده از نقشبای رنگ رنگ)

Humayun Nama by gulbadan Begum MuntakhabutTawareekh by Badauni

منتخب التواريخ تصنيف بدايوني

Unit-V

Akbar Nama by Abul Fazal اكبرنامه تصنيف ابوالفضل

(WusoolMaukib Muqaddas Shahanshahi) ref: Nsreh. Allahabad

Non Muslim historians of Mughal Empire

Explanation, Critical Notes on texts and Study of Literary attainments of the authors مطالعہ و توضیح و نقد متون راجع بہ تاریخ ہند و مطالعہ دستاوردہای ادبی نویسندگان





Suggested Readings:

- 1. Tabaqat-e- Nasiri by Minhaj e Siraj اطبقات ناصری منهاج سراج ج
- 2. Tareekh-e-Feeroz Shahi by Ziyauddin Barni تاريخ فيروز شاهى تصنيف ضياء الدين برنى
- 3. MuntakhabutTawareekh by Badauni منتخب التواريخ تصنيف بدايوني
- 4. Akbar Nama by Abul Fazal اكبر نامه تصنيف ابو الفضل
- 5. Tareekh-e-Adabiyaat-e-Iran by Reza Zadeh Shafaq تاریخ ادبیات ایران تصنیف رضا زاده شفق
- 6. Bazm-e- Taimuriya by Sabahudddin Abdur Rehman بزم تیموریه تصنیف صباح الدین عبدالرحمان
- 7. Bazm-e-Mamlukiya by Sabahuddin Abdur Rehman بزم مملوکیه تصنیف صباح الدین عبدالرحمان
- 8. Sherul Ajam Part II by Shibli Naomani

شعر العجم قسمت دوم تصنيف شبلي نعماني

- 9. History of Persian language and Literature at Mughal Court
- 10. Ganjina-e-Mani, by Dr. Sarafaraz Ahmad Khan گنجينهٔ معنی از دکتر سرفراز احمد خان



Semester-IV

Course Code: PERCC207

M.A. (Persian)

M.A. IInd Year Paper-Core Credit-5

Course Title: Research Methodology and Persian Linguistic

روش تحقیق و زبانشناسی فارسی

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal

Assessment)

Unit-I

Research Methodology, Definition and Types of Research روش تحقیق، معرفی و انواع تحقیق Qualities and Duties of Researcher and Supervisor اوصاف و وضایف محقق و رابنمای تحقیق

Problems and Challenges مشكلات و چالشها و تحديدها

Unit-II

Search for Material, Selection of Topic, Preparation of Thesis/ Dissertation/ Research Paper

تلاش مواد، انتخاب عنوان، آماده سازى پايان نامم، مقالم تحقيقي

Preparation of Bibliography, Resources and referencing تہیہ کتابیات، حواشی، منابع و مرجع Correction of text and Phases of Correction

اصلاح متن و مراحل اصلاح متن و مراحل اصلاح متن و مراحل اصلاح متن شعر، مقدمهٔ مصحح تحقیقات و تصحیح متن و یژگی های محقق،مراحل تصحیح متن،مسائل مهم در رابطه با اصلاح متن شعر، مقدمهٔ مصحح حاشیه و تعلیقات

Unit-III:

زبان، اختراع زبان، گفتار، دستگاه گفتار واحد گفتار، واک، رده، بندی، واکها، مصوت وصامت انواع زبان، خانواده هند وار وپائی، شجره زبانها، زبانهای ایران باستان، مادی، پارسی، اوستای، زبانهای میانہ، پهلوانیک، پارسیک، پېلوی،

Unit-IV:

فارسی جدید، ساختار از زبان فارسی قدیم، ساختار پهلوی، ساختار فارسی جدید

Unit-V:

تحولات زبان فارسى (از قديم تا جديد)، تحول واكها، تحول صرفى ونحوى، تحول الفاظ ومعنى، تحول درواك مصوت، تحول در واك

Unit-V:

دورهٔ سی گانی تحول وتکامل فارسی دری، دورهٔ رشد و تکوین، دورهٔ فارسی، دری، دورهٔ تحویل آخیر

Books Recommended

Wendell V Haris, Dictionary of Concepts in Literary Criticism and Theory Ahmad Gulchin Maani TarikheTazkiraha e Farsi Gyan Chand Jain, Tehqeeq ka Fann Tanveer Ahmad Alvi, Usool e TahqiqwaTarteeb e Matn MatniTangeed ka TangidiMotalaa, Dr. Mohammad Akmal Khanleri's A History of Persian Language, Trans. N.H. Ansari, Vol 1 & II, Idara-e Adabiyate Delhi, 1979

کتابهای درسی وسفارشی

- تاریخ زبان فارسی، دکتر پرویز ناتل خانلری (جلد اول ودوم)، تهران
 - ـ فارسى كى قديم وجديد لسانيات، داكثر عزيز بانو، حيدر آباد
- اردو پر فارسی کے لسانی اثرات، ڈاکٹر عصمت جاوید، اورنگ آباد
 - ۔ لسانیات کیا ہے، ڈیوڈکرسٹل، مترجمہ نصیر احمد خان، نئی دہلی
 - ۔ اردو لسانیات، نصیر احمد خان، نئی دہلی ۔ اسانی مطالعے، گیان چند





M.A. (Persian)

M.A. IIndYear Paper: Core Credit- 5 Semester-IV Course Code: PERCC208

Course Title: Sufi Literature ادبیات عرفانی

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the student shall have a fair knowledge of:

- Tasawwuf and its contribution of development of Persian Literature
 - Various silsilas of Tasawwuf
 - Malfooz and Maktoob literature
 - Life and work of great Indian and Iranian Sufis
 - Propagation of human values of the texts prescribed

Unit-I

Tasawwuf and its definition معرفی و مطالعہ تصوف A brief history of Tasawwuf and important Sufi Orders تاریخچہ مختصری آغاز و ارتقای تصوف و بر رسی سلسلہ های تصوف a) Chishtia چشتیہ b) Qaadria قادریہ c) Suharwardia نقشبندی

Tasawwuf in Persian Literature. عرفان در ادیات فارسی Impact of Tasawwuf on Persian Literature تاثیرات عرفان بر ادبیات فارسی

Unit-II

Introduction of some important works: معرفي برخي از آثار عرفاني
Asrar-ul-Tauhid اسرارالتوحيد, Kashf-ul- Mahjub

Unit-III

, خير المجالس, Fawaid-ul-Fuad فوائدالفو اد Khairul- Majalis سير الاولياء Siyarul Aulia

Unit-IV

مطالعہ شاعران معروف عرفانی ایران Some important Sufi poets in Iran as مطالعہ شاعران معروف عرفانی ایران Maulana Rumi مولانا روم

Unit-V

انتخاب متنText Selection

Kashf-ul-Mahjub كشف المحجوب

Babe Tasawwuf: (Mardumanandertahqeeq in ism....... khud khwastna)
باب تصوف: (مردماناندرتحقیق این اسمخود خواست نه)

Mathnavi-e-Ma'navi from its first volume مثنوی معنوی انتخاب از جلد اول "Dastaan-e-Aan Padshah-e-Jahud keNasraniyan Ra Me kusht"

"داستان آن پادشاه پهود که نصرانیان رامی کشت"





Books Prescribed

- Mathnawi-e-Ma'nawi-e-Molana Room, Edited by Reynold Ilene Nicolson, Muassesa-e-Chaapo-Intisharat-e-Amir Kabir
 مثنوی معنوی مولانا روم، ویرایش از رینولد ایلین نیکولسون، موسسه چاپ و انتشارات امیر کبیر
- Tarikh-e-Tasawwuf Dar Islam by Dr. Qasim Ghani تاریخ تصوف دراسلام از دکترقاسم غنی
- Bazm-e-Sufia by Sabahuddin Abdur Rahman بزم صوفيه تصنيف صباح الدين عبدالرحمان
- Irani Tasawwuf by Prof. Kabir Ahmad Jaisi اير انى تصوف تصنيف پروفسور كبيراحمد جانسى

Books Recommended:

- An Introduction to Islamic mysticism, AJ Arberry.
- A History of Sufism in India, by S.A.A. Rizvi.
- Tareekh-e-Tasawwuf dar Islam by Dr. Qasim Ghani تاریخ تصوف دراسلام از دکتر قاسم غنی
- Tarikh-e-Adabiyat-e-Iran by Raza Zadeh Shafaq. تاريخ ادبيات ايران تصنيف رضا زاده شفق
- Tarikh-e-Adabiyatdar Iran, Vol. I, II, III by Zabihullah Safa تاریخ ادیبات در ایران، جلد. اول، دوم، سوم نویسنده ذبیح الله صفا
- Tarikh-e-Mashaikh-e-Chishtiya by Khaleeq Ahmad Nizami تاریخ مشائخ چیشتیه تصنیف خلیق احمد نظامی.
- Taleemat-e-Chishtiya by Nisar Ahmad Farooqi تعليمات چيشتيه تصنيف نثار احمد فاروقي
- Ganjina-i-Mani by Dr. Sarfaraz Ahmad Khan گنجینهٔ معنی، از دکتر سرفراز احمد خان



M.A. IIndYear Semester-IV Paper: CORE Course Code: PERCC209

Credit- 4

Course Title: Special Study of any one of the selected Indo-Persian Poets of India

مطالعه خصوصى يكى ازشاعران فارسى زبان هند

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for End Semester Exam and 25 for Internal Assessment)

Unit-I:

A general Survey of Life and Works of Amir AmirKhusrau/Ghalib/Bedil

Unit-II:

Study of Amir Khusrau/Ghalib/Bedilas a Ghazal writer مطالعه امير خسرو/ غالب/ بيدل به عنوان شاعر غزل سرا Amir Khusrau/Ghalib/Bedil as Qasida writer امير خسرو/ غالب/ بيدل به عنوان شاعر قصيده سرا

Unit-III:

Study of Khusrau/Bedil/Ghalibas Mathnavi Writer مطالعه امير خسرو/ بيدل/ غالب به عنوان شاعر مثنوی سرا Amir Khusrau/Bedil as a Sufi Poet امير خسرو/ بيدل به عنوان شاعر متصوف

Unit-IV:

Study of Amir Khusrau/Bedil/Ghalib as a Prose Write مطالعه امير خسرو/بيدل/ غالب به عنوان نثر نويس Detailed study of their Prose Writings مطالعه مبسوط آثار منثور آنها

Unit-V

Text Comprehension and Explanation of Khusrau/Ghalib/Bedil's Writings درک متن و توضیح آثار امیر خسرو/ غالب/ بیدل



Recommended book:

- Hindustan meinahd-e Mughalya ka Farsi Adab by Dr, Mohd. Iqbal, 2007, New Delhi
- o Deams Forgotten, An Anthology of Indo-Persian Poetry by Waris Kirmani, 1986, Aligarh, U.P.
- Mirza Abdul Qadir Bedil, Hayat aur Karname by Prof Ahsanuzzafar, 2 volume Raza Library, Rampur
- o She'rul Ajam, Vol II by Allama Shibli Naomani
- o Deewan e Khusrau edited by Saeed Nafisi
- o Life and Works of Amir Khusrau by Dr. W.Mirza
- o Kulliyat-e-Ghazaliyat-e-Khusrau by Iqbal Salahuddin and Abidi (I, II & III)
- o KhusrauShanasi(Compiled) by L.Zoey Ansari & A.F.Sahar
- o Great Poets of Classical Persian by R. M. Chopra, 2014. Kolkata, West Bengal
- Chahar Chaman by Chandrabhan Brahman, Into & Ed. By Seyed Mohammad YunusJafery, 2007, New Delhi
- o Khutut Ghalib,
- Kulliyat e Ghalib farsi Edited by Murtaza Husain fazil, Majlis e Tarqqi e Adab, Lahor
- o Kulliyat e Bedil, dapohni Press, Afghanistan 1924.



Project Based Course Dissertation & Viva-Voce

M.A. IInd Year
Paper:Project
Credit-4

Semester-IV
Course Code: PERCC210

Course Title: Project Based Course Dissertation & Viva-Voce عنوان دوره: مقالم تحقیقی، ترتیب پایان نامم و امتحان شفابی

Maximum Marks: 100 (75 marks for Project work report/Dissertation and 25 for Viva-Voce)

This Course is part of Project Based Course Dissertation & Viva-Voce as prescribed by the **NEP 2020** framework for Masters Degree Programme.

Under this course students shall be asked to participate and carry out Project Based Course Dissertation & Viva-Voce.

Viva-Voce Exam shall also be conducted as part of the evaluation process ant it will comprise of 25 Marks. At least one External Expert shall be called to conduct the Viva-Voce Exam.