EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS

(As per Pharmacy Council of India (PCI), Education Regulation, 2020 with Amendment, 2021)

DIPLOMA IN PHARMACY



FACULTY OF PHARMACY
KHWAJA MOINUDDIN CHISHTI LANGUAGE UNIVERSITY
(Uttar Pradesh State Government University)
Sitapur-Hardoi Bypass Road
Lucknow-226013 (U.P.)

Evaluation Scheme (PART-I)

		mum marks Theory		Maximum marks for Practicals			
Subject	Examination	*Sessional	Total	Examination *Sessional		Total	
Pharmaceutics	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Pharmaceutical Chemistry	80	80 20 100 80 20		20	100		
Pharmacognosy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Human Anatomy& Physiology	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Social Pharmacy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
			500	+ 500)	= 1000	

*Internal assessment

Evaluation Scheme (PART-II)

	Maxim for '	Maximum marks for Practicals				
Subject	Examination	*Sessional	Total	Examination	*Sessional	Total
Pharmacology	80	20	100	80	20	100
Community Pharmacy & Management	80	20	100	80	20	100
Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology	80	20	100	80	20	100
Pharmacotherapeutics	80	20	100	80	20	100
Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Pharmacy law & Ethics	80	20	100	2		
			600	+400	+100	= 110

*Internal assessment

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S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Total Theory / Practical Hours	Total Tutorial Hours	Theory / Practical Hours per Week	Tutorial Hours per Week
1.	ER20-21T	Pharmacology - Theory	75	25	3	Í
2,	ER20-21P	Pharmacology -Practical	50	80	2	-
3.	ER20-22T	Community Pharmacy& Management —Theory	75	25	3	1
4.	ER20-22P	Community Pharmacy& Management — Practical	75	5	3	<u>=</u>
5.	ER20-23T	Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Theory	75	25	š	î
6.	ER20-23P	Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Practical	50	2	2	*(
7.	ER20-24T	Pharmacotherapeutics— Theory	75	25	3	Ę
8.	ER20-24P	Pharmacotherapeutics- Practical	25	8	4	5
9.	ER20-25T	Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Theory	75	25	3	16
10.	ER20-25P	Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Practical	25	-	Ĩ	5
11.	ER20-26T	Pharmacy Law & Ethics- Theory	75	25	3	10

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Part-II

PHARMACOLOGY - THEORY

L T P

Course Code: ER20-21T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course provides basic knowledge about different classes of drugs available for the pharmacotherapy of common diseases. The indications for use, dosage regimen, routes of administration, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and contraindications of the drugs discussed in this course are vital for successful professional practice.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following:

- General concepts of pharmacology including pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, routes of administration, etc.
- · Pharmacological classification and indications of drugs
- Dosage regimen, mechanisms of action, contraindications of drugs
- Common adverse effects of drugs

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Describe the basic concepts of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics2. Enlist the various classes and drugs of choices for any given disease condition
- Advice the dosage regimen, route of administration and contraindications for agiven drug
- Describe the common adverse drug reactions

Chapter	Topic	Hours
	General Pharmacology Introduction and scope of Pharmacology Various routes of drug administration - advantages and disadvantages Drug absorption - definition, types, factors affecting drug absorption Bioavailability and the factors affecting bioavailability Drug distribution - definition, factors affecting drug distribution Biotransformation of drugs - Definition, types of biotransformation reactions, factors influencing drug metabolisms Excretion of drugs - Definition, routes of drug excretion General mechanisms of drug action and factors modifying drug action	10

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2	Drugs Acting on the Peripheral Nervous System	11
	 Steps involved in neurohumoral transmission 	
	 Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of 	
	(a) Cholinergic drugs	
	(b) Anti-Cholinergic drugs	
	(c) Adrenergic drugs	
	(d) Anti-adrenergic drugs	
	(e) Neuromuscular blocking agents	
	(f) Drugs used in Myasthenia gravis	
	(g) Local anaesthetic agents	
	(h) Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)	
3	Drugs Acting on the Eye	2
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications and contraindications of	
	Miotics	
	Mydriatics	
	Drugs used in Glaucoma	
4	Drugs Acting on the Central Nervous System	8
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications,	
	and contraindications of	
	General anesthetics	
	Hypnotics and sedatives	
	Anti-Convulsant drugs	
	Anti-anxiety drugs	
	Anti-depressant drugs	
	Anti-psychotics	
	Nootropic agents	
	 Centrally acting muscle relaxants 	
	Opioid analgesics	

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5	Drugs Acting on the Cardiovascular System Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of • Anti-hypertensive drugs • Anti-anginal drugs • Anti-arrhythmic drugs • Drugs used in atherosclerosis and • Congestive heart failure • Drug therapy for shock	6
6	Drugs Acting on Blood and Blood Forming Organs Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of • Hematinic agents • Anti-coagulants • Anti-platelet agents • Thrombolytic drugs	4
7	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of Bronchodilators Expectorants Anti-tussive agents Mucolytic agents	2
8	Drugs Acting on the Gastro Intestinal Tract Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of • Anti-ulcer drugs • Anti-emetics • Laxatives and purgatives • Anti-diarrheal drugs	5
9	Drugs Acting on the Kidney Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of Diuretics Anti-Diuretics	2

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10	Hormonex and Hormone Antagonists Physiological and pathological role and clinical uses of Thyroid hormones Anti-thyroid drugs Parathormone Calcitonin Vitamin D Insulin Oral hypoglycemic agents Estrogen Progesterone Oxytocin Corticosteroids	8
11	Autocolds Physiological role of Histamine, 5 HT and Prostaglandins Classification, clinical uses, and adverse effects of antihistamines and 5 HT antagonists	3
12	Chemotherapeutic Agents: Introduction, basic principles of chemotherapy of infections, infestations and neoplastic diseases, Classification, dose, indication and contraindications of drugs belonging to following classes: Penicillins Cephalosporins Aminoglycosides Fluoroquinolones Macrotides Tetracyclines Sulphonamides Anti-tubercular drugs Anti-fungal drugs Anti-fungal drugs Anti-mocbic agents Anti-malarial agents Anti-malarial agents Anti-neoplastic agents	12
13	Biologicals Definition, types, and indications of biological agents with examples	2

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PHARMACOLOGY - PRACTICAL

L T P

Course Code: ER20-21P

50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

Scope: This course provides the basic understanding about the uses, mechanisms of actions, dose dependent responses of drugs in simulated virtual animal models and experimental conditions.

Course Objectives: This course will demonstrate / provide hands-on experience inthe virtual platform using appropriate software on the following

- Study of pharmacological effects of drugs like local anesthetics, mydriatic and mitotic on rabbit eye
- Screening the effects of various drugs acting in the central nervous system
- Study of drug effects on isolated organs / tissues
- Study of pyrogen testing on rabbit

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Study and report the local anesthetic, mydriatic and mitotic effects of thegiven drug on the rabbit eye
- Choose appropriate animal experiment model to study the effects of the givendrugs acting on the central nervous system and submit the report
- Perform the effects of given tissues (simulated) on isolated organs / tissues and interpret the results
- Interpret the dose dependent responses of drugs in various animal experimentmodels

Practicals

Introduction to the following topics pertaining to the experimental pharmacology have to be discussed and documented in the practical manuals.

- 1. Introduction to experimental pharmacology
- Study of laboratory animals
 - (a) Mice; (b) Rats; (c) Guinea pigs; (d) Rabbits
- 3. Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology
- Different routes of administration of drugs in animals
- Types of pre-clinical experiments: In-Vivo, In-Vitro, Ex-Vivo, etc.
- Techniques of blood collection from animals

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Experiments

Note: Animals shall not be used for doing / demonstrating any of the experiments given. The given experiments shall be carried- out / demonstrated as the case may be, ONLY with the use of software program(s) such as "Ex Pharm" or any other suitable software

- 1. Study of local anesthetics on rabbit eye
- 2. Study of Mydriatic effect on rabbit eye
- 3. Study of Miotic effect on rabbit eye
- 4. Effect of analgesics using Analgesiometer
- 5. Study of analgesic activity by writhing test
- 6. Screening of anti-convulsant using Electro Convulsiometer
- 7. Screening of Muscle relaxants using Rota-Rod apparatus
- 8. Screening of CNS stimulants and depressants using Actophotometer
- 9. Study of anxiolytic activity using elevated plus maze method
- 10. Study of effect of drugs (any 2) on isolated heart
- 11. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility on frog's buccal cavity
- 12. Pyrogen testing by rabbit method

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period, i.e., a minimum of three assignments per student)

- 1. Introduction to Allergy Testing
- 2. Introduction to Toxicity Studies
- 3. Drug Facts Labels of US FDA
- 4. Pre-clinical studies in new drug development
- 5. Medicines and meals: Refore or After food
- 6. Pre-clinical studies in new drug development
- 7. Drugs available as pediatric formulations
- 8. Drug information apps

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COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT - THEORY

L T P

Course Code: ER20-22T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: The course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills to provide various pharmaceutical care services to patients and general practitioners in the community setup.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following:

- Establishing and running a community pharmacy and its legal requirements
- Professional aspects of handling and filling prescriptions
- Patient counselling on diseases, prescription and or non-prescription medicines
- Scope for performing basic health screening in community pharmacy settings.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Describe the establishment, legal requirements, and effective administration of a community pharmacy
- Professionally handle prescriptions and dispense medications
- Counsel patients about the disease, prescription and or non-prescriptionmedicines
- Perform basic health screening on patients and interpret the reports in thecommunity pharmacy settings

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Community Pharmacy Practice — Definition, history and development of community pharmacy - International and Indian scenarios	2
2	Professional responsibilities of community pharmacists Introduction to the concept of Good Pharmacy Practice and SOPs.	3
3	Prescription and prescription handling Definition, parts of prescriptions, legality of prescriptions, prescription handling, labelling of dispensed medications (Main label, ancillary label, pictograms), brief instructions on medication usage Dispensing process, Good Dispensing Practices, dispensing errors and strategies to minimize them	7

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4	Communication skills	6
	Definition, types of communication skills	_
	 Interactions with professionals and patients 	
	 Verbal communication skills (one-to-one, over the 	
	telephone)	
	Written communication skills	
	Body language	
	Patient interview techniques	
5	Patient counselling	10
	 Definition and benefits of patient counseling 	
	 Stages of patient counseling - Introduction, counseling content, 	
	counseling process, and closing the counseling session	
	Barriers to effective counseling - Types and strategies to	
	overcome the barriers	
	 Patient counseling points for chronic diseases/disorders 	
	Hypertension, Diabetes, Asthma, Tuberculosis, Chronic	
	obstructive pulmonary disease, andAIDS	
	 Patient Package Inserts - Definition, importance and benefits, 	
	Scenarios of PPI use in India and other countries	
	Patient Information leaflets - Definition and uses	
6	Medication Adherence	2
0470	Definition, factors influencing non-adherence, strategies to	
	overcome non-adherence	
-	*	
7	Health Screening Services in Community Pharmacy Introduction,	5
	scope, and importance of various health screeningservices for routine	
	monitoring of patients, early detection, and	
	referral of undiagnosed cases	
9	Over The Counter (OTC) Medications	15
	 Definition, need and role of Pharmacists in OTC medication 	
	dispensing.	
	 OTC medications in India, counseling for OTC products 	
	 Self-medication and role of pharmacists in promoting the safe practices during self-medication 	
	· Responding to symptoms, minor ailments, and advice for self-care	
	in conditions such as - Pain management, Cough, Cold, Diarrhea,	
	Constipation, Vomiting, Fever, Sore throat, Skin disorders, Oral	
	health (mouth ulcers,dental pain, gum swelling)	

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10	Community Pharmacy Management	25
	Legal requirements to set up a community pharmacy	~
	Site selection requirements	
	Pharmacy designs and interiors	
	Vendor selection and ordering	
	 Procurement, inventory control methods, and inventory management 	
	Financial planning and management	
	Accountancy in community pharmacy – Day book, Cash book	
	 Introduction to pharmacy operation software – usefulnessand availability 	
	 Customer Relation Management (CRM) 	
	Andits in Pharmacies	
	 SOP of Pharmacy Management 	
	Introduction to Digital Health, mHealth and Online pharmacies	

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COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT - PRACTICAL

L T P

Course Code: ER20-22P

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: The course is designed to train the students and improve professional skillsto provide various pharmaceutical care services in community pharmacy.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students in the following

- Professional handling and filling prescriptions
- Patient counselling on diseases and minor ailments
- Patient counselling on prescription and / or non-prescription medicines
- Preparation of counselling materials such as patient information leaflets
- Performing basic health screening tests

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Handle and fill prescriptions in a professional manner
- Counsel patients on various diseases and minor ailments
- Counsel patients on prescription and or non-prescription medicines
- Design and prepare patient information leaflets
- · Perform basic health screening tests

Practicals

Note: The following practicals shall be carried out in the model community pharmacywith appropriate simulated scenarios and materials. Students shall be trained through role plays wherever necessary. The activities of the students shall be assessed / evaluated using a structured objective assessment form.

- Handling of prescriptions with professional standards, reviewing prescriptions, checking for legal compliance and completeness (minimum 5)
- Identification of drug-drug interactions in the prescription and follow-up actions (minimum 2)
- Preparation of dispensing labels and auxiliary labels for the prescribed medications (minimum 5)
- 4. Providing the following health screening services for monitoring patients /detecting new patients (one experiment for each activity) Blood Pressure Recording, Capillary Blood Glucose Monitoring, Lung function assessment using Peak Flow Meter and incentive spirometer, recording capillary oxygen level using Pulse Oximeter, BMI measurement
- Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following chronic diseases / disorders including education on the use of devices such as insulin pen,inhalers, spacers, nebulizers, etc. where appropriate (one experiment for eachdisease) Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, Primary Hypertension, Asthma, Hyperlipidemia, Rheumatoid Arthritis

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- Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following minor ailments (any three)
 Headache, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhea, constipation),
 Worm infestations, Pyrexia, Upper Respiratory Tract infections, Skin infections, Oral
 and dental disorders.
- Appropriate handling of dummy dosage forms with correct administration techniques oral liquids with measuring cup/cap/dropper, Eye Drops, Inhalers, Nasai drops, Insulin
 pen, nebulizers, different types of tablets, patches, enemas, suppositories
- 8. Use of Community Pharmacy Software and digital health tools

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of three assignments per student)

- SOPs for various activities in Community Pharmacy (as discussed in Theory and Practical)
- List out the various abbreviations, short forms used in prescriptions and their interpretation
- 3. Patient Information Leaflet for a given chronic disease / disorder
- 4. Patient Information Leaflet for prescription / non-prescription medicines
- 5. Preparation of window / shelf display materials for the model communitypharmacy
- Overview of Software available for retail pharmacy management including billing, inventory, etc.
- 7. Dosage / Medication Reminder Aids
- 8. Overview on the operations and marketing strategies of various onlinepharmacies
- 9. Overview on the common fixed dose combinations
- 10. Overview on the medications requiring special storage conditions
- 11. Role of Community Pharmacists in preventing Antimicrobial Resistance
- 12. Jan Aushadhi and other Generic Medicine initiatives in India
- 13. Global Overview of Online Pharmacies
- 14. Community Pharmacy Practice Standards: Global Vs. Indian Scenario
- 15. Overview of pharmacy associations in India

Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to visit community pharmacies and medicine distributors to understand and witness the professional activities of the community pharmacists, and supply chain logistics. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visit shall be submitted.

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BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY - THEORY

L T P

Course Code: ER20-23T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the study of structure and functions of biomolecules and the chemical processes associated with living cells in normal and abnormal states. The course also emphasizes on the clinical pathology of blood and urine.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following at the fundamental level

- Structure and functions of biomolecules
- Catalytic activity, diagnostic and therapeutic importance of enzymes
- Metabolic pathways of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders)
- Biochemical principles of organ function tests and their clinical significance
- Qualitative and quantifative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in the biological sample
- · Clinical pathology of blood and urine

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Describe the functions of biomolecules
- Discuss the various functions of enzymes in the human system
- Explain the metabolic pathways of biomolecules in both physiological and pathological conditions
- Describe the principles of organ function tests and their clinical significances
- Determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples, both qualitatively and quantitatively
- Describe the clinical pathology of blood and urine

Chapter	Topic	Hours
3	Introduction to biochemistry: Scope of biochemistry in pharmacy; Cell and its biochemical organization.	2
2	Definition, classification with examples, chemical properties Monosaccharides - Structure of glucose, fructose, and galactose Disaccharides - structure of maltose, lactose, andsucrose Polysaccharides - chemical nature of starch andglycogen Qualitative tests and biological role of carbohydrates	5

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3	Proteins Definition, classification of proteins based on composition and solubility with examples Definition, classification of amino acids based on chemical nature and nutritional requirements withexamples Structure of proteins (four levels of organization of protein structure) Qualitative tests and biological role of proteins and amino acids	5
4	Diseases related to malnutrition of proteins. Lipids Definition, classification with examples Structure and properties of triglycerides (oils and fats) Fatty acid classification - Based on chemical and nutritional requirements with examples Structure and functions of cholesterol in the body Lipoproteins - types, composition and functions in the body	5
5	Qualitative tests and functions of lipids Nucleic acids Definition, purine and pyrimidine bases Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions	4
6	Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification Factors affecting enzyme activity Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes	5
7	Vitamins Definition and classification with examples Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins	6

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8	 Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemicalstructures) Metabolism of Carbohydrates: Glycolysis, TCA cycle and glycogen metabolism, regulation of blood glucoselevel. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of Carbohydrates Metabolism of lipids: Lipolysis, β-oxidation of Fatty acid (Palmitic acid) ketogenesis and ketolysis. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of lipids such as Ketoacidosis, Fatty liver, Hypercholesterolemia Metabolism of Amino acids (Proteins): General reactions of amino acids and its significance—Transamination, deamination, Urea cycle and decarboxylation. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of amino acids, Disorders of ammonia metabolism, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria and Jaundice. Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain and Oxidative phosphorylation 	20
9	Minerals: Types, Functions, Deficiency diseases, recommended dietary requirements	5
10	Water and Electrolytes Distribution, functions of water in the body Water turnover and balance Electrolyte composition of the body fluids, Dietaryintake of electrolyte and Electrolyte balance Dehydration, causes of dehydration and oral rehydration therapy	5
11	Introduction to Biotechnology	1
12	Functions of kidney and routinely performed tests to assess the functions of kidney and their clinical significances Functions of liver and routinely performed tests to assess the functions of liver and their clinical significances Lipid profile tests and its clinical significances	6
3	Introduction to Pathology of Blood and Urine Lymphocytes and Platelets, their role in health and disease Erythrocytes - Abnormal cells and their significance Normal and Abnormal constituents of Urine and their significance	6

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BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY - PRACTICAL

L T F

Course Code: ER20-23P

50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in the qualitative testing of various biomolecules and testing of biological samples for determination of normal and abnormal constituents

Course Objectives: This course will train and provide hands-on experiences on thefollowing

- Qualitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in simulated biological samples
- Determination of normal and abnormal constituents of simulated blood andurine samples

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Qualitatively determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biologicalsamples
- Determine the normal and abnormal constituents in blood and urine samplesand interpret the results of such testing

Practicals

- Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (4 experiments)
- Qualitative analysis of Proteins and amino acids (4 experiments)
- Qualitative analysis of lipids (2 experiments)
- Qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents (4 experiments)
- Determination of constituents of urine (glucose, creatinine, chlorides)(2 experiments)
- Determination of constituents of blood/scrum (simulated) (Creatine, glucose, cholesterol, Calcium, Urea, SGOT/SGPT) (5 experiments)
- Study the hydrolysis of starch from acid and salivary amylase enzyme(1 experiment)

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on Various PathologyLab Reports (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of three assignments per student)

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PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - THEORY

L T P

Course Code: ER20-24T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on etiopathogenesis of common diseases and their management along with quality use of medicines.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss about

- Etiopathogenesis of selected common diseases and evidence-based medicine therapy
- Importance of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- Basic methods for assessing the clinical outcomes of drug therapy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Help assessing the subjective and objective parameters of patients incommon disease conditions
- Assist other healthcare providers to unalyse drug related problems and provide therapeutic interventions
- Participate in planning the rational medicine therapy for common diseases
- Design and deliver discharge counselling for patients

Chapter	Topic	Hours
Ĩ	Pharmacotherapeutics - Introduction, scope, and objectives Rational use of Medicines, Evidence Based Medicine, Essential Medicines List, Standard Treatment Guidelines (STGs)	8
2	Definition, etiopathogenesis, clinical manifestations, pharmacological and pharmacological management diseases associated with	non- of the
	(a) Cardiovascular System	8
	(b) Respiratory System • Asthma • COPD	4
	Endocrine System Diabetes Thyroid disorders - Hypo and Hyperthyroidism	5
	(d) Central Nervous System • Epilepsy	8

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Parkinson's disease	
Alzheimer's disease	
Stroke	
Migraine	
(e) Gastro Intestinal Disorders	
 Gastro ocsophageal reflux disease 	8
Peptic Ulcer Disease	
Alcoholic liver disease	- 1
 Inflammatory Bowel Diseases (Crohn's Disease and 	
Ulcerative Colitis)	
(f) Hematological disorders	4
 Iron deficiency anemia 	111 54
Megaloblastic anemia	
(g) Infectious diseases	
 Tuberculosis 	12
Pneumonia	
 Urinary tract infections 	
Hepatitis	
Gonorrhea and Syphilis	
Malaria	
 HIV and Opportunistic infections 	
 Viral Infections (SARS, CoV2) 	
(h) Musculoskeletal disorders	
 Rheumatoid arthritis 	3
 Osteoarthritis 	
(i) Dermatology	3
 Psoriasis 	
 Scables 	
Eczema	
(j) Psychiatric Disorders	
Depression	4
Anxiety	
Psychosis	
(k) Ophthalmology	
 Conjunctivitis (bacterial and viral) 	2
Glaucoma	
(I) Anti-microbial Resistance	
(m) Women's Health	2
Polycystic Ovary Syndrome	9
Dysmenorrhea	
Premenstrual Syndrome	

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PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - PRACTICAL

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Course Code: ER20-24P

25 Hours (1 Hour/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in the basic skills required to support the pharmaceutical care services for selected common disease conditions.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students on

- How to prepare a SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notefor clinical cases of selected common diseases
- Patient counseling techniques/methods for common disease conditions

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Write SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for the given clinical cases of selected common diseases
- Counsel the patients about the disease conditions, uses of drugs, methods ofhandling and administration of drugs, life-style modifications, and monitoring parameters.

Practicals

- I.Preparation and discussion of SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for at least six clinical cases (real / hypothetical) of the following disease conditions.
 - 1. Hypertension
 - 2. Angina Pectoris
 - Myocardial Infarction
 - 4. Hyperlipidemia
 - 5. Rheumatoid arthritis
 - 6. Asthma
 - 7. COPD
 - 8. Dinbetes
 - 9. Epilepsy
 - 10. Stroke
 - 11. Depression
 - 12. Tuberculosis
 - 13. Anemia (any one type as covered in theory)
 - Viral infection (any one type as covered in theory)
 - 15. Dermatological conditions (any one condition as covered in theory)
- II. Patient counseling exercises using role plays based on the real / hypothetical clinical case scenarios. The students are expected to provide counseling on disease condition, medications, life-style modifications, monitoring parameters, etc. and the same shall be documented. (Minimum 5 cases)
- III. Simulated cases to enable dose calculation of selected drugs in pediatrics, and geriatrics under various pathological conditions. (Minimum 4 cases)

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HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY - THEORY

L T P

Course Code: ER20-25T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge and professionalskills required for facilitating various hospital and clinical pharmacy services.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss and train the students in the following

- Hospital and Hospital Pharmacy organization and set-ups
- Basics of hospital pharmacy services including the procurement, supply chain, storage of medicines and medical supplies
- Basics of clinical pharmacy including introduction to comprehensive pharmaceutical care services
- Basic interpretations of common laboratory results used in clinical diagnosis towards optimizing the drug therapy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- Explain about the basic concepts of hospital pharmacy administration
- Manage the supply chain and distribution of medicines within the hospitalsettings
- Assist the other healthcare providers in monitoring drug therapy and addressdrug related problems
- · Interpret common lab investigation reports for optimizing drug therapy

S. No.	Topic	Hours
1	Definition, scope, national and international scenario Organizational structure Professional responsibilities, Qualification and experience requirements, job specifications, work load requirements and inter professional relationships Good Pharmacy Practice (GPP) in hospital Hospital Pharmacy Standards (FIP Basel Statements, AHSP) Introduction to NAQS guidelines and NABH Accreditation and Role of Pharmacists	6
2	Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee - Objectives, Composition, and functions Hospital Formulary - Definition, procedure for development and use of hospital formulary	4

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	 Infection Control Committee — Role of Pharmacist in preventing Antimicrobial Resistance 				
4	 Supply Chain and Inventory Control Preparation of Drug lists - High Risk drugs, Emergency drugs, Schedule H1 drugs, NDPS drugs, reserved antibiotics Procedures of Drug Purchases — Drug selection, short term, long term, and tender/e-tender process, quotations, etc. Inventory control techniques: Economic Order Quantity, Reorder Quantity Level, Inventory Turnover etc. Inventory Management of Central Drug Store — Storage conditions, Methods of storage, Distribution, Maintaining Cold Chain, Devices used for cold storage (Refrigerator, ILR, Walkin-Cold rooms) FEFO, FIFO methods Expiry drug removal and handling, and disposal, Disposalof Narcotics, cytotoxic drugs Documentation - purchase and inventory 	14			
5	Drug distribution (in- patients and out - patients) — Definition, advantages and disadvantages of individual prescription order method, Floor Stock Method, Unit Dose Drug Distribution Method, Drug Basket Method. Distribution of drugs to ICCU/ICU/NICU/Emergency wards. Automated drug dispensing systems and devices Distribution of Narcotic and Psychotropic substances and their storage	7			
6	Compounding in Hospitals. Bulk compounding, IV admixture services and incompatibilities, Total parenteral nutrition				
7	Radio Pharmaceuticals - Storage, dispensing and disposal of radiopharmaceuticals	2			
8	Application of computers in Hospital Pharmacy Practice, Electronic health records, Software's used in hospital pharmacy	2			

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9	Clinical Pharmacy: Definition, scope, and development - in India and other countries Technical definitions, common terminologies used in clinical settings	12
	and their significance such as Pediatrics, Geriatric, Anti-natal Care, Post- natal Care, etc. Daily activities of clinical pharmacists: Definition, goal, and procedure	
	of	
	Ward round participation	
	Treatment Chart Review	
	 Adverse drug reaction monitoring 	
	Drug information and poisons information	
	Medication history	
	Patient counselling	
	Interprofessional collaboration Pharmaceutical care: Definition, classification of drug related	
	problems. Principles and procedure to provide pharmaceutical care	
	Medication Therapy Management, Home Medication Review	
	Wasternam and Committee and Co	
10	Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of diseasestates -	10
(7)(7)	significance and interpretation of test results	
	Hematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid	
	function tests	
	Tests associated with cardiac disorders	
	Fluid and electrolyte balance	
	Pulmonary Function Tests	
11	Poisoning: Types of poisoning: Clinical manifestations and Antidotes	6
055	Drugs and Poison Information Centre and their services —	1 32
	Definition, Requirements, Information resources with examples, and	
	their advantages and disadvantages	
10	Di como acadellas as	2
12	Pharmacovigilance Definition, aim and scope	
	Overview of Pharmacovigilance	
	Civerview of Finantiacoviguance	
13	Medication errors: Definition, types, consequences, and	6
	strategies to minimize medication errors, LASA drugs and	
	Tallman lettering as per ISMP	
	Drug Interactions: Definition, types, clinical significance of drug	
	interactions	X
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HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY - PRACTICAL

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Course Code: ER20-25P 25 Hours (1 Hour / Week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students to assist other healthcareproviders in the basic services of hospital and clinical pharmacy.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students with hands-on experiences, simulated clinical case studies in the following:

- Methods to systematically approach and respond to drug information queries
- How to interpret common laboratory reports to understand the need foroptimizing dosage regimens
- How to report suspected adverse drug reactions to the concerned authorities
- Uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aids and devices.
- · How to interpret drug-drug interactions in the treatment of common diseases.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- · Professionally handle and answer the drug information queries
- · Interpret the common laboratory reports
- · Report suspected adverse drug reactions using standard procedures
- · Understand the uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aidsand devices
- Interpret and report the drug-drug interactions in common diseases foroptimizing the drug therapy

Note: Few of the experiments of Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy practical course listed here require adequate numbers of desktop computers with internet connectivity, adequate drug information resources including reference books, different types of surgical dressings and other medical devices and accessories. Various charts, models, exhibits pertaining to the experiments shall also be displayed in the laboratory.

Practicals

- Systematic approach to drug information queries using primary / secondary /tertiary resources of information (2 cases)
- Interpretation of laboratory reports to optimize the drug therapy in a given clinicalcase (2 cases)
- Filling up IPC's ADR Reporting Form and perform causality assessments usingvarious scales (2 cases)
- Demonstration / simulated / hands-on experience on the identification, types, use /application /administration of
 - Orthopedic and Surgical Aids such as knee cap, LS belts, abdominal belt, walker, walking sticks, etc.

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Diploma in Pharmacy, Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Language University

- · Different types of bandages such as sterile gauze, cotton, crepe bandages, etc.
- Needles, syringes, catheters, IV set, urine bag, RYLE's tube, urine pots, colostomy bags, oxygen masks, etc.
- Case studies on drug-drug interactions (any 2 cases)
- 6. Wound dressing (simulated cases and role play -minimum 2 cases)
- 7. Vaccination and injection techniques (IV, IM, SC) using mannequins (5 activities)
- 8. Use of Hospital Pharmacy Software and various digital health tools

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period, i.e., a minimum of three assignments per student)

- 1. Typical profile of a drug to be included in the hospital formulary
- 2. Brief layout and various services of the Central Sterile Supplies Department(CSSD)
- 3. Various types of sterilizers and sterilization techniques used in hospitals
- 4. Fumigation and pesticide control in hospitals
- Role of Pharmacists in Transition of Care: Discharge cards, post hospitalizationeare, medicine reconciliation activities in developed countries
- 6. Total parenteral nutrition and IV admixtures and their compatibility issues
- 7. Concept of electronic health records
- Invasive and Non-invasive diagnostic tests HRCT, MRI, Sonography, 2DECHO, X-rays, Mammography, ECG, EMG, EEG
- 9. Home Diagnostic Kits Pregnancy Test, COVID testing etc
- 10. Measures to be taken in hospitals to minimize Antimicrobial Resistance
- 11. Role and responsibilities of a pharmacist in public hospital in rural parts of thecountry
- 12. Safe waste disposal of hospital waste

Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to visit a Government / private healthcare facility to understand and witness the various hospital and clinical pharmacy servicesprovided. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visit shall be submitted.

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PHARMACY LAW AND ETHICS - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-26T

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on several importantlegislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following

- · General perspectives, history, evolution of pharmacy law in India
- Act and Rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy in India
- Important code of ethical guidelines pertaining to various practice standards
- · Brief introduction to the patent laws and their applications in pharmacy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will beable to

- · Describe the history and evolution of pharmacy law in India
- Interpret the act and rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy inIndia
- · Discuss the various codes of ethics related to practice standards in pharmacy
- · Interpret the fundamentals of patent laws from the perspectives of pharmacy

Chapter	1 General Principles of Law, History and various Acts related to Drugs and Pharmacy profession				
1					
2	Pharmacy Act-1948 and Rules: Objectives, Definitions, Pharmacy Council of India; its constitution and functions, Education Regulations, State and Joint state pharmacy councils, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and Penalties. Pharmacy Practice Regulations 2015				
Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945 and New Amendments Objectives, Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the Act and Rules Import of drugs - Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit.		23			

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	Manufacture of drugs — Prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain drugs, Conditions for grant of license and conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for test, examination and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan license and repacking license. Study of schedule C and C1, G, H, H1, K, P, M, N, and X. Sale of Drugs — Wholesale, Retail sale and Restricted license, Records to be kept in a pharmacy Drugs Prohibited for manufacture and sale in India Administration of the Act and Rules — Drugs Technical Advisory Board, Central Drugs Laboratory, Drugs Consultative Committee, Government analysts, licensing authorities, controlling authorities, Drug Inspectors.	
ĝ.	Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act 1985 and Rules Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, Offences and Penalties.	2
5	Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act 1954 Objectives, Definitions, Prohibition of certain advertisements, Classes of Exempted advertisements, Offences and Penalties.	2
6	Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act-1960: Objectives, Definitions, CPCSEA - brief overview, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and Acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties.	2
7	Poisons Act-1919: Introduction, objective, definition, possession, possession for sales and sale of any poison, import of poisons	2
8	FSSAI (Food Safety and Standards Authority of India) Act and Rules: brief overview and aspects related to manufacture, storage, sale, and labelling of Food Supplements	2

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y	National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority: Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO) - 2013. Objectives, Definitions, Sale prices of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and ceiling price of scheduled formulations, Pharmaceutical Policy 2002, National List of Essential Medicines (NLEM)					
10	Code of Pharmaceutical Ethics: Definition, ethical principles, ethical problem solving, registration, code of ethics for Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath.	5				
u	Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act and Rules – basic understanding, salient features, and Amendments	2				
12	Role of all the government pharma regulator bodies — Central Drugs Standards Control Organization (CDSCO), Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission (IPC)					
13	Good Regulatory practices (documentation, licenses, renewals, e- governance) in Community Pharmacy, Hospitalpharmacy, Pharma Manufacturing, Wholesale business, inspections, import, export of drugs and medical devices					
14	Introduction to BCS system of classification, Basic concepts of Clinical Trials, ANDA, NDA, New Drug development, New Drugs and Clinical Trials Rules, 2019. Brand v/s Generic, Trade name concept, Introduction to Patent Law and Intellectual Property Rights, Emergency Use Authorization					
15	Blood bank basic requirements and functions	2				
16	Clinical Establishment Act and Rules - Aspects related to Pharmacy	2				

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17	Biomedical Waste Management Rules 2016 — Basic aspects, and aspects related to pharma manufacture to disposal of pharma / medical waste at homes, pharmacies, and hospitals	2			
18	Bioethics - Basic concepts, history and principles. Brief overview of ICMR's National Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical and Health Research involving human Participants	2			
19	Introduction to the Consumer Protection Act				
20	Introduction to the Disaster Management Act	1			
21	Medical Devices - Categorization, basic aspects related to manufacture and sale	2			

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period, i.e., a minimum of three assignments per student)

- 1. Requirements for Ayurvedic, Homeopathic manufacturing, sale, and licensing requirements
- Layout and contents of official websites of various agencies regulating the profession of pharmacy in India: e.g., CDSCO, SUGAM portal, PCI, etc.
- Licenses required, application processes (online/offline), drug regulatory officewebsite
 of the respective state
- 4. Case studies actions taken on violation of any act / rule related to pharmacy
- 5. Schedule H1 drugs and its implementation in India
- 6. Counterfeit / Spurious medicines
- 7. Drug Testing Labs in India
- 8. Overview of Pharma marketing practices
- 9. Generic Medicines

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Subject wise list of Recommended Books (Latest Edition)

Pharmaceutics

- 1. History of Pharmacy in India by Dr. Harikishan Singh
- 2. Indian Pharmacopoeta, Govt. of India Publication
- A Text book of Pharmaceuticals Formulation by B.M. Mithal, VallabhPrakashan.
- 4. Bentleys' Text book of Pharmaceutics, Editor E.A. Rawlins, Elsevier Int.,
- The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy. Leon Lachman, Herbert Lieberman and Joseph Kanig, Editors, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia. Varghese Publishing House
- Responsible Use of Medicines: A Layman's Handbook, www.ipapharms.org / publications

Pharmaceutical Chemistry

- 1. Medicinal & Pharmaceutical chemistry by Harikishan Singh and VK Kapoor
- 2. Wilson and Griswold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and pharmaceuticalChemistry
- 3. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Volume-I & II by Beckett and J. B.Stenlake
- 5. Indian Pharmacopoeia
- 6. Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry

Pharmacognosy

- Text book of Pharmacognosy by C. K. Kokate, S. B. Gokhale, A.P.Purohit, Nirali Prakashan
- Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.S. Shah and J. S. Qadry, CBSPublishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 3.Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T. E. Wallis. CBS Publishers & DistributorsPvt. Ltd.
- 4.Study of crude drugs by M. A. Iyengar, Manipal Press Ltd, Manipal
- 5. Powder crude drugs by M. A. Iyengar, Manipal Press Ltd, Manipal
- 6. Anatomy of crude drugs by M. A. Iyengar, Manipal Press Ltd, Manipal
- 7.Augmented Text Book of Homeopathic Pharmacy by Dr. D D Banerjee, B JainPublishers
 (P) Ltd

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Human Anatomy and Physiology

- 1. Human Physiology by C. C. Chatterjee
- 2. Human Anatomy and Physiology by S. Chaudhary and A. Chaudhary
- 3. Derasari and Gandhi's elements of Human Anatomy, Physiology and HealthEducation
- 4. S.R. Kale and R.R. Kale, Textbook of Practical Anatomy and Physiology
- 5. Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and illness
- 6. Human Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Gerard J
- 7. Fundamentals of Medical Physiology by K. Sambulingam and P Sambulingam
- 8. Ranade V.G. Text Book of Practical Physiology
- Goyal R.K., Natvar M.P. and Shah S.A., Practical Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry, Experimental Physiology

Social Pharmacy

- Social Pharmacy Innovation and development. Geoff Harding, SarahNettleton and Kevin Taylor. The Pharmaceutical Press.
- 2. Text Book of Community Pharmacy Practice. RPSGB Publication
- 3. Community Pharmacy Handbook- Jonathan Waterfield
- S Khurana, P Suresh and R Kalsi. Health Education & Community Pharmacy. SVikas & Co
- Social Pharmacy: Taylor, Geoffrey. Pharmaceutical Press. London.
- Textbook by Dandiya PC, Zafer ZYK, Zafer A. Health education & Community Pharmacy. Vallabh Prakashan.
- Websites of Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, National Health Portal
- Pharmacists at the Frontlines: Λ Novel Approach at Combating TB www.ipapharma.org Visit Publications
- Where There Is No Doctor: A Village Health Care Handbook by David Werner ,2015 updated version
- Various WHO publications <u>www.who.int</u>

Pharmacology

- 1. Pharma Satoskar, R.S. and Bhandarkar, S.D. Pharmacology an Pharmacotherapeutics
- 2. B. Suresh, A Text Book of Pharmacology
- 3. Derasari and Gandhi's Elements of Pharmacology
- 4. S.K. Kulkarni, Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy
- 5. H.K. Sharma, Principles of Pharmacology
- Mary J. Mycek, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. Lippincott's illustratedReviews: Pharmacology
- 7. Tripathi, K.D. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology.
- Various Drug Information Books like British National Formulary, MIMS, CIMS, Drug Today etc., WHO, NIH Websites

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Community Pharmacy and Management

- 1. Health Education and Community Pharmacy by N.S. Parmar.
- 2. WHO consultative group report.
- 3. Drug store and Business management by Mohammed Ali and Jyoti.
- 4. Handbook of pharmacy health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The PharmaceuticalPress
- 5. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review Edt. Leon Shargel. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- 6. Good Pharmacy Practices Training Manual by IPA/CDSCO/WHO India
- 7. Training Module for Community Pharmacists in TB Care and Control/ byMoH/IPA
- Hand Book of PharmaSoS, Drugs in Special population- Pregnancy and Luctation, Tobacco free future- Choice is yours: KSPC Publications.
- Responsible Use of Medicines: A Layman's Handbook, www.ipapharma.org /Publications
- Community Pharmacy Practice around the Globe: Part One: www.ipapharma.org
 /publications

Biochemistry and Clinical Pathology

- 1. Essentials of Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana, Books and Allied (P) Ltd.
- A Textbook of Biochemistry by A.V.S.S. Rama Rao, UBS Publishers' DistributorsPvt. Ltd.
- 3. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargava.
- 4. Laboratory manual of Biochemistry by Pattabiraman and Sitaram Acharya

Pharmacotherapeutics

- Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone Publication
- Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- Applied Therapeuties: The clinical Use of Drugs, Lloyd Young and Koda-KimbleMA Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton and Lange Publication.
- 5. National Formulary of India, Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission, Ghaziabad.

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Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy

- A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice Essential concepts and skills Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata. Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd. Hyderabad.
- Text Book of Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy by Dr. Pratibha Nand and Dr. Roop K Khar, Birla publications, New Delhi.
- Gupta B.K and Gupta R.N., GPP in Hospital Pharmacy, Vallabh Prakashan.
- Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc.
- Australian drug information- Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.

Pharmacy Law and Ethics

- 1. Text book of Forensic Pharmacy by B.M. Mithal
- 2. Forensic Pharmacy by B. Suresh
- 3. Hand book of drug law-by M.L. Mehra
- 4. A text book of Forensic Pharmacy by N.K. Jain
- Drugs and Cosmetics Act/Rules by Govt. of India publications.
- Medicinal and Toilet preparations Act 1955 by Govt. of India publications.
- 7. Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act by Govt. of India publications
- 8. Drugs and Magic Remedies Act by Govt. of India publications.
- CDSCO Website, NPPA Website
- 10. Books on Drugs and Cosmetic Act by Nilesh Gandhi and Sudhir Deshpande
- Text Book of Forensic Pharmacy by Dr G uruprasad Mohanta.

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