

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING with Specialization using AI & ML



Curriculum Structure

(Fourth Year- VII Semester)

[Effective from Session 2022-23]

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STUDY & EVALUATION SCHEME

B.Tech. (CSE specialization with AI&ML)

IV Year: VII Semester

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	Subject					S	essiona	al		Subject	
S.No.	code	Subject name	L	т	Р	MST	ТА	Total	SEE	Total	Credit
THEORY	SUBJECT										
1	ACS701	Machine Learning	3	1	0	15	15	30	70	100	4
2	ACS702	Human Computer Interaction	3	1	0	15	15	30	70	100	4
3	ACS071 - 074	Elective-II	3	1	0	15	15	30	70	100	4
4	ACS075 - 078	Elective-III	3	1	0	15	15	30	70	100	4
5	GP701	General Proficiency		-	-	-	-	50	0	50	0
PRACTIC	AL/DESIGN	/DRAWING								1	
6	ACS751	Industrial Training	0	0	2	15	15	30	70	100	1
7	ACS752	Machine Learning Lab	0	0	2	15	15	30	70	100	1
8	ACS752	Project - II	0	0	12	0	100	100	0	300	6
		Total	12	4	16					1000	24

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L- Lecture

T -Tutorial

P-Practical

MST- Mid Semester Test

TA-Teacher's Assessment SEE- Semester End Examination

MACHINE LEARNING (ACS701)

Objective: To understand the basic building blocks and general principles that allows one to design machine learning algorithms.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Basic Concepts, Introduction to Machine Learning, Applications of ML, Design Perspective and Issues in ML, Supervised, Unsupervised, Semi-supervised learning with applications and issues, A Formal Learning Model, The Runtime of Learning.
Π	Model (or hypothesis) representation, decision boundary, cost function, gradient descent, regularization, Diagnostic: debugging a learning algorithm, evaluating a hypothesis (Model selection), training/validating/testing procedures, diagnosing bias versus variance and vice versa, regularization and bias/variance, learning curves, Accuracy and Error measures: classifier accuracy measures, predictor error measure, evaluating the accuracy of a classifier or predictor, Confusion metric, precision, recall, tradeoff between both, accuracy.
III	Decision Tree : representation, hypothesis, issues in Decision Tree Learning, Pruning, Rule extraction from Tree, Learning rules from Data, Probabilistic classifier: Bayes rule, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, case study, Support Vector Machine, Nearest Neighbor.
IV	Clustering: Unsupervised learning technique, Similarity and Distance Measures, k-means and k-medoids algorithm, optimization objective, random initialization, choosing value of k, EM algorithm Bayesian networks, bag of words classifiers, N-gram models; Markov and Hidden Markov models, Graphical Models, Combining Multiple Learners.
V	Reinforcement Learning: Elements of Reinforcement Learning, Model-Based Learning, Temporal Difference Learning, Generalization, Design and Analysis of Machine Learning Experiments.

References:

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI, 2015.
- 2. H. Witten and E. Frank, Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and TechniquesMorgan Kaufmann2005.

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3. Tom Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill, 1997.

HUMAN COMPUTER INTERFACE (ACS702)

Objective: The purpose of this course is the study, planning and design of the interaction between people and computers.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Introduction: The human, The computer, The interaction, Paradigms, Usability of Interactive Systems, Guidelines, Principles, and Theories.
Π	Design Process- Interaction design basics, HCI in the software process, Design rules, Implementation support, Evaluation techniques, Universal design, User support.
III	Models and Theories Cognitive models, Socio-organizational issues and stakeholder requirements, Communication and collaboration models,Task analysis, Dialogue notations and design, Models of the system, Modelling rich interaction.
IV	Interaction Styles- Direct Manipulation and Virtual Environments, Menu Selection, Form Filling and Dialog Boxes, Command and Natural Languages, Interaction Devices, Collaboration and Social Media Participation.
	Design Issues- Quality of Service, Balancing Function and Fashion, User Documentation and Online Help, Information Search, Information Visualization, Outside the Box- Group ware,Ubiquitous computing and augmented realities, Hypertext, multimedia, and the world wide web.

References:

1, Human Computer Interaction by Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Pearson Education, 2004.

2. Designing the User Interface - Strategies for Effective Human Computer Interaction,

by Ben Shneiderman, Pearson Education, 2001.

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INDUSTRIAL Training (ACS751)

Contents: Four weeks of work at industry site

Supervised by an expert at the industry

Students have to maintain a written record of the assignments, progress and accomplishments. They have to submit a report at the end of this training. An oral presentation on their experiences and the knowledge gained during their work.

Mode of Evaluation

Oral viva - voce (50%) Report (50%)

Machine Learning Lab (ACS752)

Lab Experiments:

1. Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file.

2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

3. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.

4. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Back propagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.

5. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.

6. Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the naïve Bayesian Classifier model to perform this task. Built-in Java classes/API can be used to write the program. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.

7. Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Java/Python ML library classes/API.

8. Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program.

9. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.

10. Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

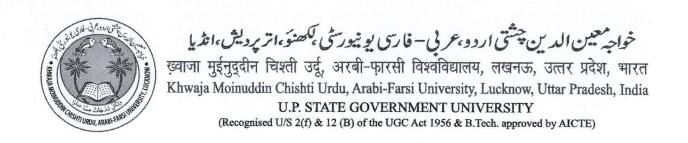
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Project -II (ACS752)

The object of *Project Work I* is to enable the student to take up investigative study in the broad field of *Computer Science & Engineering*, either fully theoretical/practical or involving both theoretical and practical work to be assigned by the Department on an individual basis or two/three students in a group, under the guidance of a Supervisor. This is expected to provide a good initiation for the student(s) in R&D work. The assignment to normally include:

- 1) Survey and study of published literature on the assigned topic;
- 2) Working out a preliminary Approach to the Problem relating to the assigned topic;
- 3) Conducting preliminary
- 4) Analysis/Modeling/Simulation/Experiment/Design/Feasibility;
- 5) Preparing a Written Report on the Study conducted for presentation to the
- 6) Department;
- 7) Final Seminar, as oral Presentation before a Departmental Committee.

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Curriculum Structure

(Fourth Year- VIII Semester)

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STUDY & EVALUATION SCHEME

B.Tech. (CSE specialization with AI&ML) IV Year: VIII Semester

S.No.	Subject	Subject name				Sessional				Subject	Credit
5.110.	code	Subject name	L	Т	P	MST	TA	Total	SEE	Total	Crean
1	ACS -	Major Project	0	0	14	100	100	200	300	500	15
1	851					6 54					
2	ACS-852	SEMINAR-2			5	50	50	100	100	200	4
_									1-61		
3	ACS-853	VIVA-VOCE			6	50	50	100	200	300	5
4	GP801	General		-	-	-	-	50	0	50	0
-	01 001	Proficiency									
		Total	0	0	24	200	200	400	600	1000	24

L- Lecture

T -Tutorial

P-Practical

MST- Mid Semester Test

TA-Teacher's Assessment

SEE- Semester End Examination

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Project Work II & Dissertation (ACS851)

The object of *Project Work II & Dissertation* is to enable the student to extend further the investigative study taken up under *EC P1*, either fully theoretical/practical or involving both theoretical and practical work, under the guidance of a Supervisor from the Department alone or jointly with a Supervisor drawn from R&D laboratory/Industry. This is expected to provide a good training for the student(s) in R&D work and technical leadership. The assignment to normally include:

• In depth study of the topic assigned in the light of the Report prepared under EC P1;

• Review and finalization of the Approach to the Problem relating to the assigned topic;

• Preparing an Action Plan for conducting the investigation, including team work;

• Detailed Analysis/Modeling/Simulation/Design/Problem Solving/Experiment as Needed;

• Final development of product/process, testing, results, conclusions and future Directions;

• Preparing a paper for Conference presentation/Publication in Journals, if possible;

• Preparing a Dissertation in the standard format for being evaluated by the Department;

• Final Seminar Presentation before a Departmental Committee.

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S.No.	Subject code	Subject name
all a line		Elective Course - I
1	ACS061	Digital Image Processing
2	ACS062	AGENT BASED INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS
3	ACS063	Cloud Computing
4	ACS064	Internet of Things

		Elective Course - II	
1	ACS071	Robotics	
2	ACS072	Data Sciences	
3	ACS073	3D Printing and Design	
4		Virtual Reality	

		Elective Course - III	
1	ACS081	Big Data	
2	ACS082	Cluster Computing	
3	ACS083	Block Chain	1
4	ACS084	Pattern Recognation	

	MOOC Online course					
1	OE071	Cyber Law and Ethics				
2	OE072	Quality Management				
3	OE073	Entrepreneurship Development				
4	OE074	Disaster Management				

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Elective Course – I (ACS061-064) DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (ACS061)

Objective: The purpose of this course is to impart knowledge on various Digital Image Processing Techniques and their Applications.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Introduction and Fundamentals: Motivation and Perspective, Applications, Components of Image Processing System, Element of Visual Perception, A Simple Image Model, Sampling and Quantization. Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain: Introduction; Basic Gray Level Functions – Piecewise-Linear Transformation Functions: Contrast Stretching; Histogram Specification; Histogram Equalization; Local Enhancement; Enhancement using Arithmetic/Logic Operations – Image Subtraction, Image Averaging; Basics of Spatial Filtering; Smoothing - Mean filter, Ordered Statistic Filter; Sharpening – The Laplacian.
II	Image Enhancement in Frequency Domain: Fourier Transform and the Frequency Domain, Basis of Filtering in Frequency Domain, Filters – Low-pass, High-pass; Correspondence Between Filtering in Spatial and Frequency Domain; Smoothing Frequency Domain Filters – Gaussian Low-pass Filters; Sharpening Frequency Domain Filters – Gaussian High-pass Filters; Homomorphic Filtering.
III	Image Restoration: A Model of Restoration Process, Noise Models, Restoration in the presence of Noise only-Spatial Filtering – Mean Filters: Arithmetic Mean filter, Geometric Mean Filter, Order Statistic Filters – Median Filter, Max and Min filters; Periodic Noise Reduction by Frequency Domain Filtering– Band-pass Filters; Minimum Mean-square Error Restoration.
IV	Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Converting Colors to different models, Color Transformation, Smoothing and Sharpening, Color Segmentation. Morphological Image Processing: Introduction, Logic Operations involving Binary Images, Dilation and Erosion, Opening and Closing, Morphological Algorithms – Boundary Extraction, Region Filling, Extraction of Connected Components, Convex Hull, Thinning, Thickening.
V	 Image Compression: Fundamentals, image compression models, Compression methods: Huffman coding, Golomb Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW coding, Run-Length coding, Symbol based coding.error-free compression, lossy predictive coding, image compression standards. Image Segmentation:Fundamentals, Point, Line and edge detection. Thresholding: foundation, Basic Global Thresholding, Otsu's Method, Image smoothing to improve global thresholding.

References:

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L. Eddins, "Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB", Tata McGraw Hill Pvt. Ltd, 2016.

2. Anil Jain K. "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", PHI Learning, 2010

AGENT BASED INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS (ACS062)

Objective: The purpose of this course is to impart knowledge on various Agent Based intelligent systems and their Applications.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	INTRODUCTION Definitions - Foundations - History - Intelligent Agents-Problem Solving-Searching - Heuristics -Constraint Satisfaction Problems - Game playing.
II	KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING Logical Agents-First order logic-First Order Inference-Unification-Chaining- Resolution Strategies Knowledge Representation-Objects-Actions-Events.
III	PLANNING AGENTS Planning Problem-State Space Search-Partial Order Planning-Graphs-Nondeterministic Domains Conditional Planning-Continuous Planning-MultiAgent Planning.
IV	AGENTS AND UNCERTAINITY Acting under uncertainty – Probability Notation-Bayes Rule and use - Bayesian Networks-Other Approaches-Time and Uncertainty-Temporal Models- Utility Theory - Decision Network – Complex Decisions.
V	HIGHER LEVEL AGENTS: Knowledge in Learning-Relevance Information- Statistical Learning Methods-Reinforcement Learning Communication-Formal Grammar-AugmentedGrammars-FutureofAI

References:

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1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence - A Modern Approach", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2002

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2. Michael Wooldridge, "An Introduction to Multi Agent System", John Wiley, 2002.

3. Patrick Henry Winston, Artificial Intelligence, III Edition, AW, 1999.

4. Nils.J.Nilsson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Narosa Publishing House, 1992.

CLOUD COMPUTING (ACS063)

Objective: This module gives students the skills and knowledge to understand how Cloud Computing Architecture can enable transformation, business development and agility in an organization. It also provide the concept of cloud security system and cloud infrastructure.

Торіс
Introduction - Shift from distributed computing to cloud computing; principles, and characteristics of cloud computing- IaaS, PaaS, SaaS; service oriented computing and cloud environment.
Cloud Computing Technology - Client systems, Networks, server systems andsecurity from services perspectives; Accessing the cloud with platforms and applications; cloud storage.
Working with Cloud- Infrastructure as a Service – conceptual model and working Platform as a Service – conceptual model and functionalities Software as a Service – conceptual model and working Technologies and Trends in Service provisioning with clouds.
Using Cloud Services- Cloud collaborative applications and services – technology, applications and case studies with calendars, schedulers and event management; cloud applications in project management.
Case studies-Microsoft Azure, Google App Engine and Open source clouds- Open-Nebula and Eucalyptus, Current trends and research.

References:

- 1. Gautam Shroff, Enterprise Cloud Computing Technology Architecture Applications, Cambridge, 2010
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Cloud Computing, A Practical Approach, 2012
- 3. Dimitris N. Chorafas, Cloud Computing Strategies, 2011.

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Internet of Things (ACS064)

Objective: The objective of this course is to impart necessary and practical knowledge of components of Internet of Things and develop skills required to build real-life IoT based projects.

Unit	Торіс
	Introduction to IoT :Architectural Overview, Design principles and needed capabilities, IoT Applications, Sensing, Actuation, Basics of Networking, M2M and IoT Technology Fundamentals- Devices and gateways, Data management, Business processes in IoT, Everything as a Service(XaaS), Role of Cloud in IoT, Security aspects in IoT.
	Elements of IoT Hardware Components- Computing (Arduino, Raspberry Pi), Communication, Sensing, Actuation, I/O interfaces.
III	Software Components- Programming API's (using Python/Node.js/Arduino) for Communication Protocols-MQTT, ZigBee, Bluetooth, CoAP, UDP, TCP.
	IoT Application Development: Solution framework for IoT applications- Implementation of Device integration, Data acquisition and integration, Device data storage- Unstructured data storage on cloud/local server, Authentication, authorization of devices.
	IoT Case Studies: IoT case studies and mini projects based on Industrial automation, Transportation, Agriculture, Healthcare, Home Automation

References:

1. Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, Ïnternet of Things, "A Hands on Approach", University Press

2. Dr. SRN Reddy, Rachit Thukral and Manasi Mishra, "Introduction to Internet of Things: A practical Approach", ETI Labs

3. Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", CRC Press

4. Jeeva Jose, "Internet of Things", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi

5. Adrian McEwen, "Designing the Internet of Things", Wiley

6. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design", McGraw Hill

Elective Course – II (ACS071-074)

Robotics (ACS071)

Objective: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about industrial robots for their control and design.

Unit	Торіс	
Ι	Introduction to Robotics: Types and components of a robot, Classification of robots, closed-loop and openloop control systems, Kinematics systems; Definition of mechanisms and manipulators, Social issues and safety.	
II	Robot Kinematics and Dynamics: Kinematic Modelling: Translation and Rotation Representation, Coordinate transformation, DH parameters, Jacobian, Singularity, and Statics, Dynamic Modelling: Equations of motion: Euler- Lagrange formulation	
III	Sensors and Vision System: Sensor: Contact and Proximity, Position, Velocity, Force, Tactile etc, Introduction to Cameras, Camera calibration, Geometry of Image formation, Euclidean/Similarity/Affine/Projective transformations, Vision applications in robotics.	
	Robot Control: Basics of control: Transfer functions, Control laws: P, PD, PID, Non-linear and advanced controls, Robot Actuation Systems: Actuators: Electric, Hydraulic and Pneumatic; Transmission: Gears, Timing Belts and Bearings, Parameters for selection of actuators.	
	Control Hardware and Interfacing :Embedded systems: Architecture and integration with sensors, actuators, components, Programming for Robot Applications	

References:

1. Saha, S.K., "Introduction to Robotics, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, New Delhi, 2014.

2. Ghosal, A., "Robotics", Oxford, New Delhi, 2006.

3. Niku Saeed B., "Introduction to Robotics: Analysis, Systems, Applications", PHI, New Delhi.

4. Mittal R.K. and Nagrath I.J., "Robotics and Control", Tata McGraw Hill.

5. Mukherjee S., "Robotics and Automation", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

6. Craig, J.J., "Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control", Pearson, New Delhi, 2009

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Data Sciences (ACS072)

Objective: The objective of this course is to impart necessary knowledge of the mathematical foundations needed for data science and develop programming skills required to build data science applications.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Introduction to Data Science: Concept of Data Science, Traits of Big data, Web Scraping, Analysis vs Reporting.
П	Introduction to Programming Tools for Data Science : Toolkits using Python: Matplotlib, NumPy, Scikit-learn, NLTK, Visualizing Data: Bar Charts, Line Charts, Scatterplots, Working with data: Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs (Example: Using the Twitter APIs), Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, Dimensionality Reduction
III	Mathematical Foundations: Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices, Statistics: Describing a Single Set of Data, Correlation, Simpson's Paradox, Correlation and Causation, Probability: Dependence and Independence, Conditional Probability, Bayes's Theorem, Random Variables, Continuous Distributions, The Normal Distribution, the Central Limit Theorem, Hypothesis and Inference: Statistical Hypothesis Testing, Confidence Intervals, Phacking, Bayesian Inference
IV	Machine Learning: Overview of Machine learning concepts – Over fitting and train/test splits, Types of Machine learning – Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforced learning, Introduction to Bayes Theorem, Linear Regression- model assumptions, regularization (lasso, ridge, elastic net), Classification and Regression algorithms- Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest Neighbors, logistic regression, support vector machines (SVM), decision trees, and random forest, Classification Errors, Analysis of Time Series- Linear Systems Analysis, Nonlinear Dynamics, Rule Induction, Neural Networks- Learning And Generalization, Overview of Deep Learning.
	Case Studies of Data Science Application: Weather forecasting, Stock market prediction, Object recognition, Real Time Sentiment Analysis.

References:

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python", O'Reilly Media

2. Aurélien Géron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and Tensor Flow:

Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media

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3. Jain V.K., "Data Sciences", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

4. Jain V.K., "Big Data and Hadoop", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

5. Jeeva Jose, "Machine Learning", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

6. Chopra Rajiv, "Machine Learning", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

3D Printing and design (ACS073)

Objective: The course is designed to impart knowledge and skills related to 3D printing technologies, selection of material and equipment and develop a product using this technique in Industry 4.0 environment.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	3D Printing (Additive Manufacturing): Introduction, Process, Classification,
	Advantages, Additive V/s Conventional Manufacturing processes, Applications.
Π	CAD for Additive Manufacturing : CAD Data formats, Data translation, Data loss, STL format,
	Additive Manufacturing Techniques: Stereo- Lithography, LOM, FDM, SLS, SLM, Binder Jet technology, Process, Process parameter, Process Selection for various applications, Additive Manufacturing Application Domains: Aerospace, Electronics, HealthCare, Defense, Automotive, Construction, Food Processing, Machine Tools
III	Materials: Polymers, Metals, Non-Metals, Ceramics, Various forms of raw material- Liquid, Solid, Wire, Powder; Powder Preparation and their desired properties, Polymers and their properties, Support Materials
IV	Additive Manufacturing Equipment: Process Equipment- Design and process parameters, Governing Bonding Mechanism, Common faults and troubleshooting, Process Design
	Post Processing: Requirement and Techniques Product Quality: Inspection and testing, Defects and their causes

References:

1. Lan Gibson, David W. Rosen and Brent Stucker, "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", Springer, 2010.

2. Andreas Gebhardt, "Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing", Hanser Publisher, 2011.

3. Khanna Editorial, "3D Printing and Design", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.

4. CK Chua, Kah Fai Leong, "3D Printing and Rapid Prototyping- Principles and Applications", World Scientific, 2017.

5. J.D. Majumdar and I. Manna, "Laser-Assisted Fabrication of Materials", Springer Series in Material Science, 2013.

6. L. Lu, J. Fuh and Y.S. Wong, "Laser-Induced Materials and Processes for Rapid Prototyping", Kulwer Academic Press, 2001.

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Virtual Reality (ACS074)

Objective: The objective of this course is to provide a detailed understanding of the concepts of Virtual Reality and its applications.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	 Introduction to Virtual Reality: Virtual Reality and Virtual Environment: Introduction, Computer graphics, Real time computer graphics, Flight Simulation, Virtual environment requirement, benefits of virtual reality, Historical development of VR, Scientific Landmark 3D Computer Graphics: Introduction, The Virtual world space, positioning the virtual observer, the perspective projection, human vision, stereo perspective projection, 3D clipping, Color theory, Simple 3D modeling, Illumination models, Reflection models, Shading algorithms, Radiosity, Hidden Surface Removal, Realism-Stereographic image.
Π	Geometric Modeling: Geometric Modeling: Introduction, From 2D to 3D, 3D space curves, 3D boundary representation Geometrical Transformations: Introduction, Frames of reference, Modeling transformations, Instances, Picking, Flying, Scaling the VE, Collision detection Generic VR system: Introduction, Virtual environment, Computer environment, VR technology, Model of interaction, VR Systems.
Ш	Virtual Environment: Animating the Virtual Environment: Introduction, The dynamics of numbers, Linear and Nonlinear interpolation, the animation of objects, linear and non-linear translation, shape & object in battening, free from deformation, particle system. Physical Simulation: Introduction, Objects falling in a gravitational field, Rotating wheels, Elastic collisions, projectiles, simple pendulum, springs, Flight dynamics of an aircraft.
	VR Hardware and Software: Human factors: Introduction, the eye, the ear, the somatic senses. VR Hardware: Introduction, sensor hardware, Head-coupled displays, Acoustic hardware, Integrated VR systems. VR Software: Introduction, Modeling virtual world, Physical simulation, VR toolkits, Introduction to VRML
V	VR Applications: Introduction, Engineering, Entertainment, Science, Training. The Future: Virtual environment, modes of interaction

References:

1. John Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems ", Pearson Education Asia, 2007.

Anand R., "Augmented and Virtual Reality", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
 Adams, "Visualizations of Virtual Reality", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.

4. Grigore C. Burdea, Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Inter Science, 2nd Edition, 2006.

5. William R. Sherman, Alan B. Craig, "Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2008. 5. J.D. Majumdar and I. Manna, "Laser-Assisted Fabrication of Materials", Springer Series in Material Science, 2

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Elective Course – II (ACS081-084)

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (ACS081)

Objective: Introduce the student to analytical tools and methods, which are currently used in bioinformatics as applied to biological information for human beings.

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Unit	Торіс
I	Introduction - distributed file system–Big Data and its importance, Four Vs, Drivers for Big data, Big data analytics, Big data applications. Algorithms using map reduce.
II	Big Data – Apache Hadoop & Hadoop EcoSystem, Moving Data in and out of Hadoop – Understanding inputs and outputs of MapReduce -, Data Serialization.
ш	HDFS-Overview, Installation and Shell, Java API; Hive Architecture and Installation, Comparison with Traditional Database, HiveQL Querying Data, Sorting And Aggregating, Map Reduce Scripts, Joins & Sub queries, HBase concepts, Advanced Usage, Schema Design, Advance Indexing, PIG, Zookeeper , how it helps in monitoring a cluster, HBase uses Zookeeper and how to Build Applications with Zookeeper.
	Introduction to Data Analysis with Spark, Downloading Spark and Getting Started, Programming with RDDs, Machine Learning with MLlib, What is it?, Where It is Used Types of NoSQL databases, Why NoSQL?, Advantages of NoSQL, Use of NoSQL in Industry, SQL vs NoSQL, NewSQL.
	Introduction to MongoDB key features, Core Server tools, MongoDB through the JavaScript's Shell, Creating and Querying through Indexes, Document- Oriented, principles of schema design, Constructing queries on Databases, collections and Documents, MongoDB Query Language.

References:

- 1. Boris lublinsky, Kevin t. Smith, AlexeyYakubovich, "Professional Hadoop Solutions", Wiley, 2013.
- 2. Chris Eaton, Dirk derooset al., "Understanding Big data", McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Big Data and Analytics, Sima Acharya, Subhashini Chhellappan, Willey, 2007.
- 4. MongoDB in Action, Kyle Banker, Piter Bakkum, Shaun Verch, Dream tech Press, 2015.

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CLUSTER COMPUTING (ACS082)

Objective: This course teaches solving large-scale science, engineering, and commercial applications.

Unit	Торіс
I	Basic concepts in Distributed Systems: Notion of time Distributed Mutual exclusion, Consensus, Failure models Paradigms for process interaction in distributed programs, Programming Paradigms, Shared memory, Message passing, Workflows.
	Introduction to Cluster Computing, Cluster Middleware: An Introduction, Early Cluster Architecture and High Throughput Computing Clusters, Networking, Protocols and I/O for Clusters, Setting Up and Administering a Cluster.
	Cluster Technology for High Availability, Performance Models and Simulation, Process Scheduling, Load Sharing and Load Balancing, Distributed Shared Memory.
	Introduction to Grid Architecture, Characterization of Grid, and Grid related standard bodies, Grid types, Topologies, Components and Layers, Comparison with other approaches.
	System Infrastructure, Traditional paradigms for distributed computing, Web Services, Grid standards: OGSA and WSRF, Case Studies of Cluster Systems: Beowulf, COMPaS, NanOS and PARAM.

References:

- 1. High Performance Cluster Computing: Architectures and Systems, Prentice Hall, 1999.
- 2. Grid and Cluster Computing, Prabhu C.S.R, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2008.

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Block chain (ACS083)

Objective: The objective of this course is to provide conceptual understanding of how block chain technology can be used to innovate and improve business processes. The course covers the technological underpinning of block Chain operations in both theoretical and practical implementation of solutions using block Chain technology.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Introduction: Overview of Block chain, Public Ledgers, Bitcoin, Smart Contracts, Block in a Block chain, Transactions, Distributed Consensus, Public vs Private Block chain, Understanding Crypto currency to Block chain, Permissioned Model of Block chain, Overview of Security aspects of Block chain Basic Crypto Primitives: Cryptographic Hash Function, Properties of a hash function, Hash pointer and Merkle tree, Digital Signature, Public Key Cryptography, A basic crypto currency.
II	Understanding Block chain with Crypto currency: Bitcoin and Block chain: Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay. Working with Consensus in Bitcoin: Distributed consensus in open environments, Consensus in a Bitcoin network, Proof of Work (PoW) – basic introduction, Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW and the monopoly problem, Proof of Stake, Proof of Burn and Proof of Elapsed Time, The life of a Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool.
III	Understanding Block chain for Enterprises: Permissioned Block chain: Permissioned model and use cases, Design issues for Permissioned block chains, Execute contracts, State machine replication, Overview of Consensus models for permissioned block chain- Distributed consensus in closed environment, Paxos, RAFT Consensus, Byzantine general problem, Byzantine fault tolerant system, Lamport-Shostak-Pease BFT Algorithm, BFT over Asynchronous systems.
	Enterprise application of Block chain: Cross border payments, Know Your Customer (KYC), Food Security, Mortgage over Block chain, Block chain enabled Trade, We Trade – Trade Finance Network, Supply Chain Financing, Identity on Block chain
	Block chain application development: Hyperledger Fabric- Architecture, Identities and Policies, Membership and Access Control, Channels, Transaction Validation, Writing smart contract using Hyperledger Fabric, Writing smart contract using Ethereum, Overview of Ripple and Corda

References:

1. Melanie Swan, "Block Chain: Blueprint for a New Economy", O'Reilly, 2015 2. Daniel Drescher, 'Block Chain Basics", Apress; 1stedition, 2017

PATTERN RECOGNITION (ACS084)

Objective: To understand the basic building blocks and general principles that allows one to design pattern learning algorithms.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Basics of pattern recognition, Design principles of pattern recognition system, Learning and adaptation, Pattern recognition approaches, Mathematical foundations – Linear algebra, Probability Theory, Expectation, mean and covariance, Normal distribution, multivariate normal densities, Chi squared test.
II	Statistical Patten Recognition: Bayesian Decision Theory, Classifiers, Normal density and discriminant functions.
III	Parameter estimation methods: Maximum-Likelihood estimation, Bayesian Parameterestimation, Dimension reduction methods - Principal Component Analysis (PCA), Fisher Linear discriminant analysis, Expectation- maximization (EM), Hidden Markov Models (HMM), Gaussian mixture models.
	Nonparametric Techniques: Density Estimation, Parzen Windows, K-Nearest NeighborEstimation, Nearest Neighbor Rule, Fuzzy classification.
	Unsupervised Learning & Clustering: Criterion functions for clustering, Clustering Techniques:Iterative square - error partitional clustering – K means, agglomerative hierarchical clustering, Cluster validation.

References:

1. C. M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2009.

2. S. Theodoridis and K. Koutroumbas, "Pattern Recognition", Academic Press, 2008.

MOOC ONLINE COURSE (OE071-074) Cyber Law and Ethics (OE-071)

Objective: The course has been designed to give students an extensive overview of cyber security issues, tools and techniques that are critical in solving problems in cyber security domains.

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Cyber Security Concepts: Essential Terminologies: CIA, Risks, Breaches, Threats, Attacks, Exploits. Information Gathering (Social Engineering, Foot Printing & Scanning). Introduction to Cryptography, Symmetric key Cryptography, Asymmetric key Cryptography, Message Authentication, Digital Signatures, Applications of Cryptography. Overview of Firewalls- Types of Firewalls.
п	Infrastructure and Network Security: Introduction to System Security, Server Security, OS Security, Physical Security, Introduction to Networks, Network packet Sniffing, Network Design Simulation. DOS/ DDOS attacks. Asset Management and Audits, Vulnerabilities and Attacks. Intrusion detection and Prevention Techniques, Host based Intrusion prevention Systems, Security Information Management, Network Session Analysis, System Integrity Validation.
III	Cyber Security Vulnerabilities& Safe Guards: Internet Security, Cloud Computing &Security, Social Network sites security, Cyber Security Vulnerabilities-Overview, vulnerabilities in software, System administration, Complex Network Architectures, Open Access to Organizational Data, Weak Authentication, Authorization, Unprotected Broadband communications, Poor Cyber Security Awareness. Cyber Security Safeguards- Overview, Access control, IT Audit, Authentication. Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP), Web Site Audit and Vulnerabilities assessment.
IV	Malware: Explanation of Malware, Types of Malware: Virus, Worms, Trojans, Rootkits, Robots, Adware's, Spywares, Ransom wares, Zombies etc., OS Hardening (Process Management, Memory Management, Task Management, Windows Registry/ services another configuration), Malware Analysis.
V	Cyber Laws and Forensics: Introduction, Cyber Security Regulations, Roles of International Law, the state and Private Sector in Cyberspace, Cyber Security Standards. The INDIAN Cyberspace, National Cyber Security Policy 2013. Introduction to Cyber Forensics, Need of Cyber Forensics, Cyber Evidence, Documentation and Management of Crime Sense, Image Capturing and its importance, Partial Volume Image, Web Attack Investigations, Denial of Service Investigations, Internet Crime Investigations, Internet Forensics, Steps for Investigating Internet Crime, Email Crime Investigations.

References:

- 1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security", Pearson Education/PHI, 2006.
- 2. Atul Kahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill.
- 3. V.K. Pachghare, "Cryptography and Information Security", PHI Learning

Quality management (OE072)

Objective: The course has been designed to give students an extensive overview of cyber security issues, tools and techniques that are critical in solving problems in cyber security domains.

Unit	Торіс
I	Introduction to Quality management: Definitions – TOM framework, benefits, awareness and obstacles. Quality – vision, mission and policy statements. Customer Focus – customer perception of quality, Translating needs into requirements, customer retention. Dimensions of product and service quality. Cost of quality.
II	Quality Management: Organization structure and design, quality function, decentralization, designing and fitting, organization for different type products and company, economics of quality value and contribution, quality cost, optimizing quality cost, seduction program. Human Factor in quality Attitude of top management, cooperation of groups, operators attitude, responsibility, causes of apparatus error and corrective methods.
III	Control Charts : Theory of control charts, measurement range, construction and analysis of R charts, process capability study, use of control charts. Attributes of Control Chart, Defects, construction and analysis of charts, improvement by control chart, variable sample size, construction and analysis of C charts.
V	Defects diagnosis and prevention defect study, identification and analysis of defects, correcting measure, factors affecting reliability, MTTF, calculation of reliability, building reliability in the product, evaluation of reliability, interpretation of test results, reliability control, maintainability, zero defects, Introduction to IS/ISO 9004:2000 – quality management systems – guidelines for performance improvements. Quality Audits. TQM culture, Leadership – quality council, employee involvement, motivation, empowerment, recognition and reward- Introduction to software quality.

References:

- 1. Lt. Gen. H. Lal, "Total Quality Management", Eastern Limited, 1990.
- 2. Greg Bounds, "Beyond Total Quality Management", McGraw Hill, 1994.
- 3. Menon, H.G, "TQM in New Product manufacturing", McGraw Hill 1992

Entrepreneurship Development (OE073)

Objective: Understanding the concept and process of entrepreneurship - its contribution in and role in the growth and development of individual and the nation

Unit	Торіс
I	Entrepreneurship: definition, growth of small scale industries in developing countries and their positions vis-a-vis large industries; role of small scale industries in the national economy; characteristics and types of small scale industries; demand based and resources based ancillaries and sub-control types. Government policy for small scale industry; stages in starting a small scale industry.
Π	Project identification: assessment of viability, formulation, evaluation, financing, field-study and collection of information, preparation of project report, demand analysis, material balance and output methods, benefit cost analysis, discounted cash flow, internal rate of return and net present value methods.
Ш	Accountancy: Preparation of balance sheets and assessment of economic viability, decision making, expected costs, planning and production control, quality control, marketing, industrial relations, sales and purchases, advertisement, wages and incentive, inventory control, preparation of financial reports, accounts and stores studies.
IV	Project Planning and control : The financial functions cost of capital approach in project planning and control. Economic evaluation, risk analysis, capital expenditures, policies and practices in public enterprises. profit planning and programming, planning cash flow, capital expenditure and operations. control of financial flows, control and communication.
V	Laws concerning entrepreneur viz, partnership laws, business ownership, sales and income taxes and workman compensation act. 5 Role of various national and state agencies which render assistance to small scale industries.

References:

1. Forbat, John, "Entrepreneurship" New Age International.

- 2. Havinal, Veerbhadrappa, "Management and Entrepreneurship" New Age International
- 3. Joseph, L. Massod, "Essential of Management", Prentice Hall of India.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

(OE-074)

Unit	Торіс
Ι	Introduction: Concepts and definitions: disaster, hazard, vulnerability, risks severity frequency and details, capacity, impact, prevention, mitigation).
II	Disasters: Disasters classification; natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes earthquakes, tsunami, landslides, coastal erosion, soil erosion, forest fires etc.); manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, nuclear radiation, chemica spills, transportation accidents, terrorist strikes, etc.), hazard and vulnerability profile o India, mountain and coastal areas, ecological fragility.
III	Disaster Impacts: Disaster impacts (environmental, physical, social, ecological, economic political, etc.); health, psycho-social issues; demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations; global and national disaster trends; climate change and urban disasters.
IV	Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR): Disaster management cycle – its phases; prevention mitigation, preparedness, relief and recovery; structural and non-structural measures; rist analysis, vulnerability and capacity assessment; early warning systems, Post disaste environmental response.
V	Disasters, Environment and Development: Factors affecting vulnerability such as impact of developmental projects and environmental modifications (including of dams, land us changes, urbanization etc.), sustainable and environmental friendly recovery; reconstruction and development methods.

Text/ Reference Books:

- 1. Pradeep Sahni, 2004, Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Singh B.K., 2008, Handbook of Disaster Management: Techniques & Guidelines, Rajat Publication.
- 3. Ghosh G.K., 2006, Disaster Management, APH Publishing Corporation.
- **4.** Disaster Medical Systems Guidelines. Emergency Medical Services Authority, State of California, EMSA no.214, June 2003

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