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**Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**MEN-1314**

**M.A. (I Semester) Examination, Dec.2018**

**ENGLISH**

**STRUCTURE OF ENGLISH**

*Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 70*

**Note:** Answer **all** questions.

**Q. 1.** Attempt any **six** of the following. **5\*6=30**

1. Write any two properties of language.
2. Write a brief note on the statement that a language is biased upon the culture and conventions of the people who speak it.
3. "Language is a form, not substance". Discuss.
4. Explain the dichotomy between systematic and paradigmatic relationships.
5. What is the difference between a pure vowel and a dip thorny? Explain with examples.
6. Distinguish between phonologically and morphologically conditioned allomorphs.
7. What is an isogloss?
8. What do you understand by the term "Language Variation".

**Q.2.** Language reflects the culture and the psychology of the people who speak it. Justify by giving suitable example. **10**

**Or**

A linguist is concerned primarily with form or structure and only casually with the meaning. Critically examine this statement.

**Q.3.** What are supra segmental features in phonology? Exemplify and also discuss how phonology can be described in terms of structure and system. **10**

**Or**

What do you mean by accent? Give examples so some of the accentual patterns in words of two or three syllables.

**Q.4.** What do you mean by "Morphology"? Distinguish between 'free' and 'bound' morphemes by giving suitable examples. **10**

**Or**

What is TG Grammar? In what ways is it an improvement on the structuralists' view on Grammar? Explain.

**Q.5.** What do you understand by the term 'Language variation'? Discuss the different synchronic variations in language with example. **10**

**Or**

"Language has so many inter-relationships with various aspects of human life. Linguistics is not fully isolated and wholly autonomous. It has farfetched feet in several sciences making itself composition". Discuss.